

Overland SnapServer Manager™

Storage

Users Guide





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Preface

Audience and Purpose

This guide is intended for users charged with managing SnapServer appliances running GuardianOS 7.0 or higher, SnapCLOUD servers, or SnapScale nodes running RAINcloudOS on their network using SnapServer Manager (SSM). It provides server tasks, tips on maximizing SSM functionality, and user scenarios. SnapServer Manager is usually installed on a network computer in the same LAN as the SnapServers, SnapCLOUDs, and SnapScale nodes it manages.

It is assumed that the administrator is familiar with the basic concepts and tasks of multi-system network administration.

Product Documentation and Software

The SnapServer Manager product documentation and additional literature are available online, along with the latest releases of the SnapServer Manager, GuardianOS, SnapCLOUD, and RAINcloudOS software.

Point your browser to:

http://docs.overlandstorage.com/snapserver

or

http://docs.overlandstorage.com/snapscale

Follow the appropriate link on that page to download the **latest** software file or document. For additional assistance, search at http://support.overlandstorage.com.

Overland Technical Support

For help configuring and using your SnapServer Manager, search for help at:

http://support.overlandstorage.com/kb

You can email our technical support staff at techsupport@overlandstorage.com or get additional technical support information on the Contact Us web page:

http://docs.overlandstorage.com/support

For a complete list of support times depending on the type of coverage, visit our website at:

http://docs.overlandstorage.com/care

Conventions

This document exercises several alerts and typographical conventions.

| Convention | Description & Usage |
|----------------------------|---|
| | A <i>Warning</i> contains information concerning personal safety. Failure to follow directions in the Warning could result in bodily harm or death. |
| WARNUNG | Eine <i>Warnung</i> enthält Informationen zur persönlichen Sicherheit. Das Nichtbeachten der Anweisungen in der Warnung kann zu Verletzungen oder zum Tod führen. |
| ADVERTISSEMENT | Un <i>avertissement</i> contient des informations relatives à la sécurité personnelle. Ignorer les instructions dans l'avertissement peut entraîner des lésions corporelles ou la mort. |
| | A <i>Caution</i> contains information that the user needs to know to avoid damaging or permanently deleting data or causing physical damage to the hardware or system. |
| | An <i>Important</i> note is a type of note that provides information essential to the completion of a task or that can impact the product and its function. |
| Item_name | Words in this special boldface font indicate the names of buttons or page names found in the Web Management Interface. |
| Ctrl-Alt-r | This type of format details the keys you press simultaneously. In this example, hold down the Ctrl and Alt keys and press the r key. |
| NOTE | A Note indicates neutral or positive information that emphasizes or supplements important points of the main text. A note supplies information that may apply only in special cases, for example, memory limitations or details that apply to specific program versions. |
| Menu Flow Indicator (>) | Words with a greater than sign between them indicate the flow of actions to accomplish a task. |
| | For example, Setup > User > Password indicates that you should click the Setup tab, then the User secondary tab, and finally the Password button to accomplish a task. |
| Courier Italic | A variable for which you must substitute a value. |
| Courier Bold | Commands you enter in a command-line interface (CLI). |

Information contained in this guide has been reviewed for accuracy, but not for product warranty because of the various environments, operating systems, or settings involved. Information and specifications may change without notice.

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Chapter 1

SnapServer Manager (SSM) is a Java-based application that runs on all major client systems. SSM provides a single screen from which administrators can discover all SnapServer servers (both GuardianOS and SnapOS versions), SnapCLOUD servers, REO appliances, SnapSAN arrays, SnapScale clusters, and SnapScale Uninitialized nodes (that is, nodes that are not part of a SnapScale cluster) on their network.

Once found, an external application or browser can be used for configuration and management of the systems. Additionally, SSM can monitor, upgrade, and configure network and administrative settings on one or more systems simultaneously.

This section is divided into sub-sections that provide the key processes and configuration options needed to maximize your usage of SnapServer Manager:

- Tips and Requirements Provides technical specifications and tips you need to know before you begin using SSM.
- SnapServer Manager Main Window Shows how to select the systems you want to administer with SSM.
- Features List Covers the multi- and single-system functions available in SSM.
- System Discovery Explains how SSM discovers and maintains contact with systems. This section is of particular interest to administrators who plan to install and run SSM on a laptop.
- Customizing the SSM Interface Provides advanced procedures for creating Groups and customizing the Details List.
- Usage Scenarios for GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs Shows common scenarios providing the fastest way to learn how to use SSM.

Tips and Requirements

Consider the following technical tips and requirements when deploying SnapServer Manager on the network.

Normalize Admin Passwords for Groups (GuardianOS/SnapCLOUD servers)

Before you can configure a group of servers, the admin password for each server in the group must be entered. If the members in the group have different admin passwords, you need to remember and enter the password for each member. Normalizing the password for the admin account for each group member allows you to gain administrative access to all members in the group by entering just a single password.

Right-Click vs. Control-Click

This document uses the Windows convention of right-clicking in describing keyboard access to context-sensitive menus. Macintosh users should substitute control-click to achieve the same result.

SnapServer Manager Main Window

The SnapServer Manager main window allows an administrator instant access to all the supported systems on the network.

| pServer Manager - <all serv<="" th=""><th>vers></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></all> | vers> | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|------------------|
| ers & Groups | 122 online servers: 65 Snap | Servers. 3 SnapCLOUDs. 30 | SnapScale Clusters. 23 Uninitialized Sr | apScale Nodes. 1 SnapSANs. | Server Status | Bar | 1 offline server |
| <all servers=""></all> | Server | Status | IP Address | Model | OS Version | Storage | Usage |
| beryl | beryl | OK | 10.25.7.15 (DHCP) | DX1 | GOS 7.6.125 | 0% used | |
| luebottle | bluebottle | | 10.25.7.7 (DHCP) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.0.philtonsled11 | 0% used | |
| arnet4 | bm-garnet4 | 0K | 10.25.6.41 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used | |
| 1 🔤 | bm-helio1 | 0K | 10.25.6.182 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used | |
| | teres42 | Online | 10.25.12.230 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.0.briansled11 | 9% used | |
| | bmgos4 | OK | 10.25.6.230 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7.6.125 | 2% used | |
| | smgosv | 0K | 10.25.6.181 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | SnapCLOUD 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used | |
| | bobbert | OK | 10.10.10.10 (DHCP) | 4400 | GOS 5.0.133 | 57% used | |
| 564 | CB-DX2-1564 | | 10.25.15.64 (Static) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.125 | 11% used | |
| whawk | CB-Meadowhawk | OK | 10.25.15.62 (Static) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.125 | 0% used | |
| anon | CB-Sundragon | 📰 🔜 | 10.25.15.60 (Static) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.125 | 0% used | |
| ayd | CCCloudDX1 | Online | 10.25.17.205 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.079 | 10% used | |
| | CCCloudDX2 | Online | 10.25.17.230 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.082 | 17% used | |
| 4 | CCCloudPH | Online | 10.25.17.190 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.081 | 9% used | |
| | CCWave412 | OK | 10.25.17.87 (Static) | 410 | GOS 6.5.029 | 93% used | |
| 2 | CCXSD400 | | 10 25 6 98 (DHCP) | XSD 40 | GOS 7 6 123 | 0% used | |
| | clusterbob | Online | 192.168 | ale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.0 kpdevel | 1% used | |
| μ5 | clustertron | Online | 192.168 Detail | a list ale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.082 | 1% used | |
| | clustertruck | Online | 192 168 | ale Cluster) | BOS 4 1 121 | 70% used | |
| | CLW220 | Online | 10.25.12.220 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.3.0 charissa-devel | 6% used | |
| | CLW240 | Online | 10 25 12 240 | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4.3.0 charissa-devel | 0% used | |
| | daedalus | OK | 10 25 10 32 (Static) | DX1 | GOS 7 2 117 | 44% used | |
| | devga | | 10.25.11.2 (Static) | N2000 | GOS 6 5 029 | 19% used | |
| | DX1-SJSE-CB-RDX | OK | 10.25.6.241 (DHCP) | DX1 | 00876125 | 12% used | |
| -CB-RDX | ec-x2-x160 | Online | 192168 51 160 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | BOS 4 2 081 | 2% used | |
| | ec-x2-x170 | Online | 192 168 51 170 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 081 | 1% used | |
| | ec-x2-x175 | Online | 192168 51 175 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 081 | 1% used | |
| | ec-x4-x165 | Online | 192168 51 165 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | BOS 4 2 081 | 1% used | |
| | Erries | Online | 10 25 12 80 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 0 nhiltonsled11 | 3% used | |
| | fils | | 10.25.7.4 (DHCP) | 18000 | GOS 5 2 056 SP1 | 66% used | |
| | flysneck | OK | 10.25.6.143 (DHCP) | N2000 | GOS 6 5 027 | 80% used | |
| | | | 10.25.7.21 (DHCP) | XSD 40 | GOS 7 6 020 | 0% used | |
| | knotkite | Online | 192168 51 125 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 083 | 0% used | |
| | | OK | 10.25.10.165 (Static) | DX1 | 00972117 | 55% used | |
| | Little lim | Online | 10.25.12.85 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 3 0 nhiltonsled11 | 1% used | |
| - 8 | Chalcouri | OK | 10.25.6.52 (DHCP) | SpanCLOUD | SnanCLOLID 7.6.0 mdoreaeled11 | 0% used | |
| urrently running | or scheduled. | 100 | Operation Sta | atus Bar | | | T× O B× |
| Sphere3D SnapServer Manager™ | | | | | | | |

The SnapServer Manager main screen is divided into four sections:

- Server Status Bar Located at the top of the screen, it displays counts of online and offline servers, as well as a color highlight on the left side indicating the highest level alert within the currently selected server group:
 - Red alert
 - Yellow warning
 - Blue OK
 - No color the selected server group is empty or contains only offline servers
- **Groups List** Located on the left, it provides a collapsible list of supported systems that can be sorted into groups for easier management.
- **Details List** Located on the right, it shows detailed information about each supported system.
- **Operation Status Bar** Located at the bottom of the screen, it provides specific information about operations and transmissions.

Because it is a graphical interface, the main screen is able to convey large amounts of information using specialized SSM icons for each system type and their current statuses.

The Details List contains several columns of information. Use the hidden option list (rightclick the column header area) to make changes (see Customizing the SSM Interface on page 1-11).

| Server |
|-----------------|
| Status |
| 0\$ |
| Model |
| IP Address |
| OS Version |
| Number |
| Up-Time (D:H:M) |
| Storage Usage |
| Discovery State |
| Configured |
| Expansion Units |
| New Column |
| Delete Column |
| Reset Columns |

Server Column Icons

The **Server** column in the Details List of SnapServer Manager has visual cues to the status and health of the systems on your network. The following color scheme applies to all icons you see on the SnapServer Manager main window and any sub-windows that are displayed.

| Server [*] Icon | Uninitialized Node Icon | SnapScale Cluster Icon | SnapCLOUD Icon | Description |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---|
| | <u> <u> </u></u> | | Δ | The item is online. |
| | <u></u> | | \bigtriangleup | One or more status indicators indicate a warning-level condition. |
| • | <u></u> | 2. ⁰ .12 | Δ | One or more status indicators indicate a fault-level condition. |
| | | | \bigtriangleup | The item is offline. |

* Includes SnapServer servers, REO appliances, and SnapSAN arrays.

Status Column Icons

The **Status** column in the Details List uses the following icons to alert users to the different statuses on systems managed by SSM. These icons follow the usual alert color-coding and turn the appropriate color depending on the alert.

To check the status of a system, double-click the system name to open the Properties screen.

| lcon | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Drive S check t | tatus – Indicates whether a drive error has occurred. Double-click the system name to the specific problem. |



| | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| | A disk has failed. |
| 0 | Disk status is not available (system may be offline). |
| Ethernet system n | Status – Indicates whether an error has occurred with a NIC. Double-click the ame to check the specific problem. |
| -0- | All Ethernet ports are OK. |
| - | An Ethernet port has no link. |
| | An Ethernet port has failed, or one Ethernet port in a bonded pair has no link. |
| | NIC status is not available (system may be offline). |
| Power Su problem. | Ipply Status – Indicates whether the power to the system has encountered a Double-click the system name to check the specific problem. |
| 3 | All power supplies are OK. |
| N | A power supply is missing, has failed, or is not plugged in. |
| Solution | Power supply status is not available (system may be offline). |
| Fan Statu the syste | us – Indicates whether a fan on the system has encountered a problem. Double-click m name to check the specific problem. |
| • <u>*</u> • | All fans are OK. |
| ૼ | A fan is missing or has failed. |
| ৽ৼৣ৾৽ | Fan status is not available (system may be offline). |
| System/0 to possib | CPU Temperature – Indicates whether the system or CPU temperature has changed ly harmful levels. Double-click the system name to check the specific problem. |
| | System or CPU temperature is OK. |
| | System or CPU temperature is high. |
| | System or CPU temperature is critical. |
| ŧ | Temperature status is not available (system may be offline). |

The Details List also displays a storage usage icon that shows what percentage of the space on the system's main volume is being used:

| lcon | Description |
|------|---|
| | Storage Usage – The blue bar Indicates how much of the storage space on the system's main volume has been used. The numerical usage percentage is shown to the right. If the maximum is almost reached, the usage text is shown in red. Offline systems display a question mark (?). |

Communication Indicators

For all supported systems, the Status Bar displays two LED indicators that monitor the transmission of discovery packets. Discovery packets are used to monitor the status of systems that SSM is monitoring. The LED indicators are located next to the count of online and offline systems at the bottom right of the screen. For more information about discovery packets, see System Discovery on page 1-8.

| lcon | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| T× <mark>O</mark> R×O | Tx stands for "Transmit" and lights whenever SSM sends out a request for discovery information. |
| | Rx stands for "Receive" and lights whenever SSM receives a discovery packet. |
| | The mouseover tooltip displays the number of packets transmitted and received, respectively. |
| | |

Software Update Notification Banner

A banner is displayed across the top of the GUI whenever OS updates are available for discovered systems.

| | | Software updates are avai | lable for one or more servers. <u>Tell me more</u> | Remind me later · Hide this mes: | sage | |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| ers & | No servers. | | | | | |
| val servers> | / Server | Status | IP Address | Model | OS Version | Storage Usag |
| bery | bluebottle | | 10.25.7.7 (DHCP) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.0.philtonsled11 | 0% used |
| bluebonie | bm-garnet4 | OK | 10.25.6.41 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used |
| bm-garnet4 | bm-helio1 | OK | 10.25.6.182 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used |
| bm-helio1 | CCXSD400 | | 10.25.6.98 (DHCP) | XSD 40 | GOS 7.6.123 | 0% used |
| bm-ros42 | daedalus | OK | 10.25.10.32 (Static) | DX1 | GOS 7.2.117 | 44% used |
| bmgos4 | gormangast | | 10.25.7.21 (DHCP) | XSD 40 | GOS 7.6.020 | 0% used |
| bmgosv | lambtron | OK | 10.25.10.165 (Static) | DX1 | 9087.2.117 | 55% used |
| bobbert | MDorsa-VM | OK | 10.25.7.2 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.mdorsasled11 | 16% used |
| CB-DX2-1564 | Molesworth | OK | 10.25.6.222 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.philtonsled11 | 0% used |
| CB-Meadowh | raj-backup | OK | 10.25.6.250 (DHCP) | DX1 | GOS 7.2.130 | 93% used |
| CB-Sundrago | SD-EXCHANGEDX1 | OK | 10.1.8.32 (Static) | DX1 | GOS 7.2.130 | 46% used |
| CCCloudDX1 | SD-VMDX2 | OK | 10.1.8.35 (Static) | DX2 | GOS 7.2.130 | 51% used |
| CCCloudDV2 | SD-XSR01 | OK | 10.1.8.160 (Static) | XSR 120 | 00S7.6.123 | 28% used |
| CCCloudPH | Snap1234567 | OK | 10.25.17.17 (Static) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7.6.082 | 0% used |
| CCCIOUDPH | Snap2308054 | | 10.25.6.200 (DHCP) | DX1 | GOS 7.5.048 | 0% used |
| CCVVave412 | Snap2300930 | | 10.25.6.110 (DHCP) | DX1 | GOS 7.6.0.autobuild Jul02@10:40 | 0% used |
| CCXSD400 | Snap2312733 | | 10.25.2.10 (DHCP) | XSR 120 | GOS 7.6.0 buildcrusher | 0% used |
| clusterbob | ss-dx1-2 | 1 | 10.25.16.184 (Static) | DX1 | GOS 7.6.121 | 4% used |
| clustertron | ss-dr1-3 | | 10 25 16 185 (Static) | DX1 | 00876121 | 0% used |
| clustertruck | VGOS-DEMO-PRI | OK | 10.25.2.19 (Static) | VirtualSnap | 00872123 | 0% used |
| CLW220 | vGOS-PubShare | OK | 10.25.6.246 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7.6.123 | 17% used |
| CLW248 | VM-Snap10388236 | OK | 10.25.6.136 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7.6.082 | 0% used |
| daedalus | VM-Snap12031508 | OK | 10.25.6.173 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | 90872017 | 2% used |
| devga | | OK | 10.25.6.243 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.philtonsled11 | 0% used |
| DX1-SISE-CE | VM-Snan16460155 | OK | 10.25.6.252 (DHCP) | VirtualSnan | GOS 7.6.0 mfsdev1 | R% used |
| ec-y2-y160 | VM-Snap8623858 | OK | 10.25.6.161 (DHCP) | SnapCI OUD | 005760 mfsdev1 | 2% used |
| 05-x2-x170 | | OK | 10.25.10.116 (Static) | DX2 | 90878082 | 72% used |
| 00-X2-X170 | XSR40 | | 10.25.6.139 (DHCP) | XSR 40 | GOS 7.6.0 mccsled11 | 0% used |
| ec-x2-x175 | - Address - Addres | | Televerine (errory | 101140 | ooo nataniigateenn | |
| 00-x4-x105 | | | | | | |
| Eccles | | | | | | |
| fils | | | | | | |
| flyspeck | | | | | | |
| 🛛 gormangast 🥃 | 1 | | | | | |
| 1 1 | | | | | | |
| rations are currenth | running or scheduled | | | | | |

NOTE: The Software Update Notification feature is enabled by default, but can be disabled from **Edit > Options**.

The **Tell me more** link in the banner opens the **Server Software Updates** dialog box, listing the systems for which an update is available, the current OS version each of the systems is running, and the updated version available for each of the systems.

Tip: You can choose to hide the banner by clicking the "Remind me later" or "Hide this message" link on the banner. When "Remind me later" is clicked, the system displays the banner after the next check for updates; when "Hide this message" is clicked, the system hides the banner for the specific update until a later version update is released.

Features List

SnapServer Manager can be used to discover SnapServer and SnapCLOUD servers, REO appliances, SnapSAN arrays, SnapScale clusters, and SnapScale Uninitialized nodes. Status monitoring is available for GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers and Uninitialized nodes, while advanced multi- and single-system administration functions are only available for GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers at this time. Refer to the table below.

| Feature | GuardianOS | SnapCLOUD | RAINcloudOS |
|---|------------|-----------|----------------|
| Discovering Systems on the Network | Supported | Supported | Supported |
| Launching External Administration | Supported | Supported | Supported |
| Simultaneous Application of Settings to Groups | Supported | Supported | Not supported |
| Comparing Settings Across GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs | Supported | Supported | Not supported |
| Assigning IP Addresses to SnapServers on a Network Without a DHCP Server | Supported | Supported | Not supported* |
| Copying Settings from One System to One or More Different Systems | Supported | Supported | Not supported |
| Scheduling Operations to Run During Off-peak Hours | Supported | Supported | Not supported |
| Automatic Email Notification of Completed Operations | Supported | Supported | Not supported |
| Monitoring System Status | Supported | Supported | Not supported |
| Software Update Notification | Supported | Supported | Not supported |

* Uninitialized SnapScale nodes can be assigned an IP address.

Features Common to All Systems Supported by SSM

Except where noted, the following single-system features are available for all systems supported by SSM.

Discovering Systems on the Network

SnapServer Manager automatically discovers all supported systems on the same network segment and displays them in the main SSM window. Additionally, SSM discovers systems outside the local network if they have been added to the Remote Servers list. For more information, see System Discovery on page 1-8.

Launching External Administration

The Web Management Interface is a browser-based application that allows you to perform a wide range of administrative tasks on a system-by-system basis. To launch this tool, rightclick the system name or click the name and go to **Administration > Launch Web Administration**.

GuardianOS- and SnapCLOUD-Only Features

The following functions are available only for GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers. For information on how to perform the multi-system operations summarized below, see Usage Scenarios for GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs on page 1-15.

Simultaneous Application of Settings to Groups

SnapServer Manager allows administrators to organize servers into functional groups and to apply configuration modifications simultaneously to all GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs within a group. For example, administrators can configure domain and other network settings for any number of SnapServers and/or SnapCLOUDs in one operation and be confident the settings are consistently applied across servers.

Comparing Settings Across GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs

SnapServer Manager can compare settings across any number of GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs and identify when settings differ among servers. For example, comparing protocol access configuration for a group of servers may reveal that settings are consistent for Windows, NFS, and AFP but that differences exist among servers in HTTP/HTTPS and FTP/FTPS settings.

Assigning IP Addresses to SnapServers on a Network Without a DHCP Server

By default, SnapServers and Uninitialized nodes are preconfigured to use DHCP to acquire an IP address at startup. If a SnapServer or Uninitialized node cannot find a DHCP server on the network, you may not be able to access the system. SSM discovers all SnapServers, Uninitialized nodes, and SnapScale clusters on its local subnet using a proprietary multicast communication mechanism.

To set a static IP address for a specific SnapServer or Uninitialized node, right-click the system name in the Details List and select **Set IP Address**.

Copying Settings from One System to One or More Different Systems

SnapServer Manager can copy selected settings (such as TCP/IP, SNMP, SMB access, etc.) from any SnapServer to one or more different SnapServers. See Current Settings for Servers on page 3-11.

Scheduling Operations to Run During Off-peak Hours

Operations can be scheduled to run on multiple SnapServers during off-peak hours. See Apply Schedule (Start Later) on page 3-7.

Automatic Email Notification of Completed Operations

SnapServer Manager can automatically create and send an operations report (CSV format) upon the completion of any operation on a SnapServer. See Operations Report on page 3-9.

Monitoring System Status

The color coding of system and group names alerts administrators to warning and fault conditions on a system. To view detailed status information, double-click anywhere in the row in the Details List. See Server Column Icons on page 1-3.

Software Update Notification

SnapServer Manager is configured to check daily for available updates for both GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD, and to display an alert at the top of the Details List when updates are available.

To force SSM to check for available updates immediately, click **Administration > Check for Server Software Updates**. SSM connects to the remote software update server, searches for applicable updates for all of the discovered systems, and displays them in the Software Updates dialog box.

System Discovery

At startup and once per minute afterward, SnapServer Manager broadcasts a discovery request packet to its local subnet. Supported systems on the same network segment that receive discovery requests respond with a discovery packet containing information. All other discovery activity is performed using both direct communication (unicast) and a proprietary multicast communication mechanism that does not impact other systems on the network.

When SSM sends or receives discovery packets, status LEDs at the right on the Status Bar flash according to which activity is taking place. The LED labeled **"Tx**" flashes whenever SSM sends out a discovery request. The LED labeled **"Rx"** flashes whenever SSM receives a system discovery information packet.

You can add other supported systems that reside outside the local network segment by entering their IP addresses in the Remote Server List (**Edit > Remote Servers**). This includes SnapServers, Uninitialized nodes, and SnapScale clusters.

NOTE: SnapCLOUD servers can only be discovered via the Remote Server List.

Tip: If SSM has not been able to communicate with a discovered system (for example, the system is offline or has just been started), that system's IP address appears in blue and the Properties screen for that system shows Not Validated next to the IP address. Once SSM has successfully communicated with the system, the text color of the IP address changes to black, and Validated appears on the Properties screen.

Local Discovery

A *local system* is one that resides on the same network segment as the machine on which SnapServer Manager is installed. Overland systems regularly send Multicast discovery information to their local network segment, other systems broadcast their presence once on startup, and all systems respond to discovery request broadcasts from SnapServer Manager. SnapServer Manager passively listens for Multicast or broadcast discovery information from supported systems and broadcasts a discovery request packet on the local network segment in three cases: (1) at startup; (2) once per minute; and (3) when the administrator manually refreshes the information by selecting **Edit > Refresh All**.

SnapCLOUD servers cannot be discovered via local discovery and must be discovered via the Remote Server List.

Remote Discovery

A *remote system* is one that resides on a network segment different than the one on which SSM resides. SSM cannot hear discovery information broadcasts from remote systems until the administrator configures them on the Remote Servers list (see Configuring Remote System Discovery Example on page 1-9).

SSM regularly queries GuardianOS, RAINcloudOS, and SnapCLOUD systems on the Remote Servers list for discovery information. When discovered, remote systems return information about themselves, and remote systems also return information about any other GuardianOS, RAINcloudOS, and SnapCLOUD systems they've discovered themselves on their local networks or through their own Snap Finder remote server lists. As a result, only one GuardianOS or RAINcloudOS system needs to be added to the Remote Servers list per remote network to discover all remote GuardianOS or RAINcloudOS systems on that network.

However, for systems not running GuardianOS, RAINcloudOS, or SnapCLOUD, each system must be added individually to the Remote Servers list. Remote systems discovered in this manner display the letter **R** in the Discovery State column of the Details List of the SSM screen, along with the name of the discovering remote system, if applicable.

- You can add a SnapCLOUD's external IP address (VIP) or global DNS name (if configured) if inbound ports UDP/2599 and TCP/9050 are enabled on the VM's network security rules.
- You can add a SnapCLOUD's internal IP address or internal DNS name (if configured) if its virtual network is accessible via site-to-site or client-to-site VPN.

Tip: For instructions on displaying the Discover State column in the SSM screen, see "Details List."

Configuring Remote System Discovery Example

For example, assume a remote network segment contains six systems:

- REO 4600 running the latest REO 4600 GUI (non-GuardianOS)
- SnapServer DX2 running GuardianOS 7.2
- SnapSAN S2000 running SnapSAN 4.3 GUI (non-GuardianOS)
- SnapServer 410 running GuardianOS 5.2
- SnapServer N2000 running GuardianOS 6.5
- SnapScale Cluster running RAINcloudOS 3.0

To enable SnapServer Manager to discover all these remote systems, the IP address of just one GuardianOS server or RAINcloudOS node/cluster needs to be entered in the Remote Servers List to discover all other GuardianOS-, RAINcloudOS-, and SnapCLOUD-based systems on the remote network segment. The systems not running -GuardianOS, -RAINcloudOS, or SnapCLOUD must be manually added. Using a GuardianOS, SnapCLOUD server or RAINcloudOS node/cluster as a remote discovery system makes the administrator's configuration task easier and reduces the network traffic required to refresh system status.

- **NOTE:** SnapCLOUD servers on Microsoft Azure cannot discover other SnapCLOUD servers on its virtual network via SnapFinder, so those must be manually added.
- **Tip:** For full interoperability, it is recommended that all GuardianOS/RAINcloudOS/SnapCLOUD systems on the network run the same version of the system software. If you have systems running different versions of the software on your network, use a system running the **most current** version as the remote discovery server/node/cluster.

Laptop SSM Installation and Remote System Discovery

Unexpected results may occur in instances where SnapServer Manager is installed on a laptop that is moved from one network segment to another. In this situation, the systems that were previously in SSM's local segment are now in a remote segment, and since no remote system has been designated in that segment, SSM can no longer hear their discovery information broadcasts. Thus, when SSM is started up in the new location, these systems will display as offline.

To Ensure All Systems Display Correctly in the SSM Screen

SnapServer Manager offers three methods to ensure all systems display correctly in the SSM screen. The first option is the preferred method (available only if all systems are GuardianOS servers, RAINcloudOS nodes/clusters, and SnapCLOUDs) because this method results in less network traffic than the other options; but any combination of methods can be used to suit your environment.

| Procedure | Result |
|---|---|
| Add one GuardianOS (v. 2.6 or higher) server, SnapCLOUD [*] , or RAINcloudOS node/cluster from every network segment (including the current local segment) to the Remote Servers List. | SSM sends out only a single DRP for each system on the Remote Servers List. |
| This option is applicable only if all servers/nodes/clusters on the remote network are GuardianOS servers, SnapCLOUDs, or RAINcloudOS nodes/clusters. | |
| For other systems, manually add each system to the Remote Servers List. | SSM sends out a single DRP for each system on the Remote Servers List. |
| From SSM, select Edit > Options. Select the Auto-scan servers not on Remote Server list option, and click OK. This option instructs SSM to directly (and regularly) send DRPs to all previously discovered systems that are neither: (1) specified on the Remote Servers list, nor (2) resident on the same network segment as a system specified on the Pomoto Servers list. | SSM sends out one DRP for each previously discovered system, resulting in increased network traffic. |
| * Adding a SpanCl QUD virtual machine to the remote conver list will | only discover the remote convers the |

* Adding a SnapCLOUD virtual machine to the remote server list will only discover the remote servers the SnapCLOUD server itself is configured for.

About SSM Dialog Box

To access the About information box in SSM, select Help > About SnapServer Manager.



This dialog box provides the following information:

- SSM version number
- Related GuardianOS and RAINcloudOS version numbers
- Contact information
- System Properties for the computer on which SSM is running

Customizing the SSM Interface

At startup, the SnapServer Manager displays all Overland systems discovered on the local subnet as well as any remote supported systems manually configured by the administrator. The default group **<All Servers>** contains all the discovered systems. Additional groups can be created for easier administration.

| All Convores | 122 Online servers. 05 Sha | servers. 5 shapercoups. 50 | snapscale clusters. 25 oninidalized sha | ipscale noues. T shapsans. | | Tomme |
|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| All Belvelse | Server | Status | IP Address | Model | OS Version | Storage Usage |
| bluebettle | beryl | OK | 10.25.7.15 (DHCP) | DX1 | GOS 7.6.125 | 0% used |
| bluebollie | bluebottle | 💼 🔜 | 10.25.7.7 (DHCP) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.0.philtonsled11 | 0% used |
| om-gamet4 | bm-gamet4 | OK | 10.25.6.41 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used |
| bm-nello1 | bm-helio1 | OK | 10.25.6.182 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used |
| pm-ros42 | bm-ros42 | Online | 10.25.12.230 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.0.briansled11 | 9% used |
| bmgos4 | bmgos4 | OK | 10.25.6.230 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7.6.125 | 2% used |
| bmgosv | bmgosv | OK | 10.25.6.181 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | SnapCLOUD 7.6.0.briansled11 | 0% used |
| bobbert | bobbert | OK | 10.10.10.10 (DHCP) | 4400 | GOS 5.0.133 | 57% used |
| CB-DX2-1564 | CB-DX2-1564 | 🛁 🐱 | 10.25.15.64 (Static) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.125 | 11% used |
| CB-Meadowhawk | CB-Meadowhawk | OK | 10.25.15.62 (Static) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.125 | 0% used |
| CB-Sundragon | CB-Sundragon | | 10.25.15.60 (Static) | DX2 | GOS 7.6.125 | 0% used |
| CCCloudDX1 | CCCloudDX1 | Online | 10.25.17.205 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.079 | 10% used |
| CCCloudDX2 | CCCloudDX2 | Online | 10.25.17.230 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.082 | 17% used |
| CCCloudPH | CCCloudPH | Online | 10.25.17.190 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.081 | 9% used |
| CCW/ave412 | CCWave412 | OK | 10.25.17.87 (Static) | 410 | GOS 6.5.029 | 93% used |
| CCVSD400 | CCXSD400 | 199 | 10.25.6.98 (DHCP) | XSD 40 | GOS 7.6.123 | 0% used |
| slustarbob | clusterbob | Online | 192.168.51.60 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.0.kpdevel | 1% used |
| clusterboo | clustertron | Online | 192.168.51.70 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.082 | 1% used |
| clustertron | Clustertruck | Online | 192.168.51.50 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.1.121 | 70% used |
| clustertruck | CLW220 | Online | 10.25.12.220 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.3.0.charissa-devel | 6% used |
| CLW220 | CLW240 | Online | 10.25.12.240 | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.3.0.charissa-devel | 0% used |
| CLW240 | daedalus | OK | 10.25.10.32 (Static) | DX1 | 008 7.2.117 | 44% used |
| daedalus | devqa | | 10.25.11.2 (Static) | N2000 | GOS 6.5.029 | 19% used |
| devqa | DX1-SJSE-CB-RDX | OK | 10.25.6.241 (DHCP) | DX1 | GOS 7.6.125 | 12% used |
| DX1-SJSE-CB-RDX | ec-x2-x160 | Online | 192.168.51.160 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.081 | 2% used |
| ec-x2-x160 | ec-x2-x170 | Online | 192.168.51.170 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.081 | 1% used |
| ec-x2-x170 | ec-x2-x175 | Online | 192.168.51.175 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.081 | 1% used |
| ec-x2-x175 | ec-x4-x165 | Online | 192.168.51.165 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.081 | 1% used |
| er-y4-y165 | Eccles | Online | 10.25.12.80 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.0.philtonsled11 | 3% used |
| Erries | fils | 3 | 10.25.7.4 (DHCP) | 18000 | GOS 5.2.056 SP1 | 66% used |
| file | flyspeck | OK | 10.25.6.143 (DHCP) | N2000 | GOS 6.5.027 | 80% used |
| 0. see all | gormangast | | 10.25.7.21 (DHCP) | XSD 40 | GOS 7.6.020 | 0% used |
| hyspeck | Knotkyte | Online | 192.168.51.125 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.2.083 | 0% used |
| gormangast | lambtron | OK | 10.25.10.165 (Static) | DX1 | GOS 7.2.117 | 55% used |
| knotkyte | LittleJim | Online | 10.25.12.85 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4.3.0.philtonsled11 | 1% used |
| lambtron | mdcloud | OK | 10.25.6.53 (DHCP) | SnapCLOUD | SnapCLOUD 7.6.0.mdorsasled11 | 0% used |
| | () | | | | | |

The Operation Status Bar at the bottom shows the status of any running or scheduled operations. Operations are defined as administrative tasks (for example, changing Windows/SMB settings or configuring email notification) that are run concurrently.

Groups

SnapServer Manager allows administrators to organize systems into groups for ease of administration. Different groupings can be created, saved, and shared with other administrators. Clicking a group name displays only the group's members in the Details list. Clicking the button to the left of the group name shows all the systems under the name.

Group Color Coding

The folder color of a group reflects the highest level of alert for any of the systems in the group.

Tip: Only GuardianOS servers, RAINcloudOS nodes/clusters, or SnapCLOUDs display the warning and failure color codes. A group with only non-GuardianOS/RAINcloudOS /SnapCLOUD systems will be color-coded in blue.

The following shows a system group (group1) that contains multiple systems. The group folder is yellow because one or more GuardianOS servers, RAINcloudOS nodes/clusters, or SnapCLOUDs contain a warning-level condition associated with them. The <All Servers> folder above group1 is red, indicating a failure-level condition on at least one GuardianOS

server, RAINcloudOS node/cluster, or SnapCLOUD in that group. A gray folder next to **group3** indicates that either the group is empty or all servers/clusters/nodes within the group are offline.

| ers & Groups | 126 online servers: 69 Snan | Servers, 3 SnapCl OUDs, 36 S | nanScale Clusters, 17 Uninitialized Sn | apScale Nodes, 1 SpapSANs, | | 17 offline ser |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| «All Servers» | T Server | Status | IP Address | Model | OS Version | Storage Lisage |
| «Updates Available | XSR40-VOOS-CB | OK | 10.25.2.93 (DHCP) | VirtualSpap | 00878125 | 10% used |
| Group1 | XSR40 | | 10.25.3.19 (DHCP) | XSR 40 | GOS 7 6.0 mcqsled11 | 0% used |
| Group3 | X8R120-V0081-CB | OK | 10.25.3.24 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | 60876125 | 0% used |
| | X88120,V008,C8 | OK | 10.25.2.70 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | 00876125 | 0% used |
| | X2VB0S-CB | Online | 10.25.18.206 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | BOS 4 2 082 | 6% used |
| | VROS-CB | Online | 10.25.18.200 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 082 | 6% used |
| | ymstore3 | 3 | 10.25.10.125 (Static) | 18000 | 00860043 | 180% used |
| | urnstore1-old | OK | 10.10.10.10 (DHCP) | 520 | GOS 5 2 058 | 60% used |
| | umstore1 | OK | 10.25.10.116 (Static) | DX2 | 0.0576.082 | 50% used |
| | | 0K | 10.25.3.48 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | 00876214 | 0% used |
| | VM-Snan9525848 | OK | 10.25.2.85 (DHCP) | VirtualSnan | 00876125 | 1% used |
| | VM-Snan9517097 | OK | 10.25.3.52 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7 5 048 | D% used |
| | VM-Snan8623858 | 0K | 10.25.3.15 (DHCP) | SnanCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0 mfsdav1 | 3% used |
| | VM-Snap6063004 | OK | 10.25.3.2 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7 6 225 | 0% used |
| | VM-Snan3948168 | OK | 10.25.3.51 (DHCP) | SnanCLOUD | GOS 7.6 238 | 2 |
| | VM-Span16460155 | 0500 | 10 25 2 227 | VirtualSnan | GOS 7.6.0 mfsdav1 | 2 |
| | VM-Snan15499751 | OK | 10.25.2.119 (DHCP) | SnanCLOUD | GOS 7 6 0 trevorsled11 | 0% used |
| | VM-Snan14864340 | OK | 10.25.2.146 (DHCP) | SnanCLOUD | GOS 7.6.0 nhiltonsled11 | D% used |
| | VM-Snan12031508 | OK | 10.25.2.83 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | GOS 7 2 017 | 2% used |
| | VM-Span10388236 | 0K | 10.25.2.145 (DHCP) | VirtualSnap | 00876082 | 0% used |
| | VM-Node9400055 | OK | 10.25.2.95 (DHCP) | VirtualNode | ROS 4 2 082 | - |
| | VM-Node9382110 | OK | 10.25.3.21 (DHCP) | VirtualNode | ROS 4 2 082 | - |
| | VM-Node9377461 | OK | 10.25.2.206 (DHCP) | VirtualNode | BOS 4 2 082 | |
| | WH-Node8410163 | OK | 10.25.2.99 (DHCP) | VirtualNode | R08 3 2 056 | |
| | VM-Node4699525 | 0K | 10.25.2.199 (DHCP) | VirtualNode | ROS 4 1 0 mfsdev1 | |
| | VM-Node4073088 | OK | 10.25.2.21 (DHCP) | VirtualNode | ROS 4 2 0 autobuild Feb13@12 | - |
| | VM-Node2515058 | OK | 10.25.2.52 (DHCP) | VirtualNode | ROS 4 2.0 autobuild Feb13@12 | |
| | VLan240 | Online | 192168.51.240 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 084 | 4% used |
| | THEFT VI an 230 | Offline | 192 168 51 230 | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 2 | 2 |
| | VLan230 | Online | 192 168 51 230 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | R0S 4 2 084 | 3% used |
| | Man 220 | Online | 192168 51 220 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 084 | D% used |
| | Tetes VI an210 | Offine | 192 168 51 210 | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 2 | 2 |
| | Vian210 | Online | 192 168 51 210 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 084 | 0% used |
| | Intel VI an200 | Online | 192168 51 200 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 084 | 11% used |
| | Vi an190 | Online | 192168 51 198 (Static) | (SnanScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 084 | 1% used |
| | Vian180 | Online | 192168 51 180 (Static) | (SnapScale Cluster) | ROS 4 2 084 | 1% used |
| | | | | (Sinapotaie Cidater) | | |

Creating, Populating, and Maintaining Groups

Use either the context menu (right-click a group name) or the Edit options (activated by selecting a group name first) to make changes. The active options change based on which item in the list is clicked.

In creating groups, you can perform the following operations:

| Task | Procedure |
|---|--|
| To create a new group on the root | Right-click the Servers & Groups top level and select New Group . Enter a unique name in the dialog box that opens and click OK . The new group is added alphabetically to the root of the Groups List tree. |
| To create a new group inside another group | Right-click a group name and select New Group. Enter a unique name in the dialog box that opens and click OK . The new group is nested inside the original group. |
| To copy multiple systems from the Details List to a group | Select one or more system names from the Details list, and do one of the following: Right-click one of the highlighted rows and select Copy. Select a group, then right-click and select Paste. Click-and-drag one of the highlighted rows to the group. |
| To copy the contents of one group into another group | Right-click a group and select Copy . Then, right-click the target group and select Paste . |
| To rename a group | Right-click a group and then select Rename Group . Enter a unique name in the dialog box that opens, and click OK . |
| To delete a group | Right-click a group and then select Delete . In the confirmation dialog box that opens, click Yes . |

Saving and Distributing Groups

Administrators who manage systems from different machines may want to have the same group structures available from each SSM installation. Groups can be saved to an XML file by highlighting the group and selecting **File > Save Groups As**. By default, this file is saved to the home directory for your system.

For example, on a Windows machine, the location of the XML file in the default home directory would be similar to the following:

C:\Documents and Settings\username\ssm groups.xml

To share groups, copy the XML files to an appropriate directory on any other machines used to manage systems. Alternatively, you can select **File > Open Groups** and navigate to the desired file.

Remove Offline Systems

Select **Edit > Remove Offline Servers** to remove offline systems from groups. An **Include all subgroups** check box on the Confirmation dialog allows you to remove offline systems from the subgroups of the selected group also. The subgroup removal option is checked by default and is disabled (grayed) if the selected group has no subgroups.

Details List

The data displayed in the Details List can be customized to accommodate different administrative interests.

Column Definitions

The Details List is divided into several different columns. Use the hidden menu (right-click the column heading area) to add or delete columns. The following table defines the properties shown in these columns:

| Column | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Server | Lists the names of all discovered systems (servers, appliances, arrays, nodes, and clusters). |
| Status | OK – All systems are functioning correctly (blue). Offline – The system is offline (gray). Alert Icon – Displays any warning (yellow) or fault (red) conditions for the selected GuardianOS server, |
| | SnapCLOUD, or RAINcloudOS node/cluster. See the "Status Column lcons" table on page 1-3 for a list and description of the different icons. |
| IP Address | Displays the IP address and type (DHCP or Static) for the system. |
| Model | Displays the type of system hardware (such as DX2 or N2000) |
| OS Version | Displays the OS type (GOS, REO, SAN, ROS, or SnapCLOUD) and version number. |
| Storage Usage | Shows a percentage bar and the numerical percentage of the amount of storage space used. |
| OS* | Displays the operating system name of the system. |
| Number ¹ | Displays the unique server number of the selected system. |

| Column | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Up Time (D:H:M) ¹ | Displays how long a system has been up and running, in days, hours, and minutes. |
| Discovery State ¹ | Displays the date and time the listed system's DRP was received by SSM. |
| Configured ¹ | Displays whether or not the system has gone through the initial configuration process. Displays yes, no, and partial. |
| Expansion Systems ¹ | Displays the number and type of expansion units attached to a system. |

* These columns not shown in the default display. Must be added manually using the right-click menu.

Customizing the Details List

Use the following procedures to customize the information displayed in the Details List:

| Task | Description |
|--|--|
| To sort the Details List according to a column | Click a column header. The Details List sorts according to the contents of the column in ascending order. To sort in descending order, click the column header again. |
| To resize a column header | Hover the cursor over the right border of the column header you want to resize, and then click and drag the border to the desired width. |
| To normalize the size and contents of all column headers | Right-click any column header and click Reset Columns . The original factory set columns, properties, and order are restored. |
| To load a different property into a column | Right-click a column and select a different property. |
| To create a new column | Right-click a column, and select New Column . The clicked column is duplicated. Right-click the new column, and select a different property (see "Column Definitions"). |
| To reorder columns | To reorder columns, simply configure the properties into the existing columns in the order you want. |
| To delete a column | Right-click a column header and select Delete Column. |

Usage Scenarios for GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs

This section provides scenarios of the major types of operations you can perform on multiple GuardianOS and/or SnapCLOUD servers. Operations can be run immediately or be scheduled to run at a later time. SSM can also automatically deliver reports on completed operations by email. Review these scenarios to quickly learn the steps required to perform each of these operations:

- Viewing GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD Server Settings/Generating a Report
- Configuring Multiple GuardianOS and/or SnapCLOUD Servers/Setting Up Email
 Notification
- Copying Settings Among GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD Servers
- Scheduling an OS Update for Multiple GuardianOS or SnapCLOUD Servers

- **NOTE:** A password must be set on the "admin" user to perform many of the following operations on SnapCLOUD servers.
- **Tip:** If servers within a group have different passwords, you will have to remember and enter each password before you can administer the group. For ease of administration, configure servers within a group with the same password.

Viewing GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD Server Settings/Generating a Report

A common problem for administrators is maintaining network and other settings across large groups of servers. This scenario shows how to view and compare settings across a group of servers in a single operation, and then generate a report in CSV format.

1. Select a group of servers.

In the SSM screen, select a group of servers (or select a server group) and click **Administer Servers**. After you enter the passwords for the servers, the Administer Servers dialog box opens.

Tip: Configure the servers within a group with the same password.

2. Select one or more **tasks**.

Administrative tasks are listed in the left-hand pane. Select each setting you want to view, and then click **View/Copy**. The Current Settings for Servers dialog box opens.

3. Run the **operation**.

Click **Start**. The interface provides feedback on the progress of the operation. Color coding indicates configurations whose settings are identical across servers and those whose settings differ.

4. Generate an **Operations Report** (optional).

Once SSM retrieves server settings, click Report to save the settings to a CSV file.

Configuring Multiple GuardianOS and/or SnapCLOUD Servers/Setting Up Email Notification

Configuring servers one-by-one is a tedious and error-prone process. This scenario shows how to simultaneously configure multiple SnapServers and/or SnapCLOUDs in a single operation, eliminating unnecessary administrative overhead and assuring consistency of settings across servers.

1. Select a group of servers.

In the SSM screen, select a group of servers (or select a server group) and click **Administer Servers**. After you enter the passwords for the servers, the Administer Servers dialog box opens.

2. Edit settings for one or more tasks.

Administrative tasks are listed in the left-hand pane. Check any task to edit its settings. For example, to edit the administrative password, check **Admin Password**. A check mark appears before the task and its fields become editable, allowing you to modify settings. Select and edit any other tasks, then click **Apply**. The Apply to Servers dialog box opens.

3. Run the **operation**.

Click Start Now. The interface provides feedback on the progress of the operation.

4. Set up automatic delivery of operations reports (optional).

Once SSM applies server settings, click **Report** to open the Operation Report dialog box. Select the **Send e-mail report when operations finish** option, enter the SMTP Server IP address and the email address of at least one recipient, and then click **OK**.

Copying Settings Among GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD Servers

SnapServer Manager allows administrators to apply configuration settings from one server to a group of other servers in a single operation. This scenario shows how to copy specific settings from one (source) server and apply those settings to a (target) group of other servers.

1. Select a group of servers.

In the SSM screen, select a group of servers (or select a server group) and click **Administer Servers**. After you enter the passwords for the servers, the Administer Servers dialog box opens.

2. Copy specified settings to the Administer Servers window.

In the settings pane to the left, select each setting you want to copy, and then click **View/Copy**. In the Current Settings for Servers window, click **Start**. Once the settings are retrieved, double-click the source server row, and then click **OK** at the confirmation screen. To close the Current Settings for Servers window, click **Close**.

3. Apply the **settings** to the entire group.

In the Administer Servers window, click **Apply**. In the Apply to Server window, click **Start Now**. The interface provides feedback on the progress of the operation.

Scheduling an OS Update for Multiple GuardianOS or SnapCLOUD Servers

Updating the SnapServer or SnapCLOUD operating system without interrupting client access is difficult to achieve during normal working hours. This scenario shows how to update all GuardianOS or SnapCLOUD servers on your network in a single operation scheduled during off-peak hours.

1. Select a group of servers.

In the SSM screen, select a group of servers (or select a server group) and click **Administer Servers**. After you enter the passwords for the servers, the Administer Servers dialog box opens.

2. Set up the OS Update task.

Select OS Update and if necessary, use the link to download the update file from the SnapServer website to a location accessible to SSM over the network. Click the **Browse** button to navigate to and select the update file. Click **Apply** to open the Apply to Servers dialog box.

3. Schedule the **operation** to run at a later time.

In the Apply to Servers dialog box, click **Start Later**. In the Apply Schedule dialog box, select an off-peak time to run the operation and click **OK**.

4. Click Hide to return to the SSM screen.

Note that the status bar shows the schedule you just set up. You can click this status bar message at any time to view or cancel the operation.

Chapter 2

Administering SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs

SnapServer Manager provides an easy way to manage single or multiple GuardianOS SnapServers or SnapCLOUDs through the **Administer Servers** configuration screen. It is accessed by highlighting the systems to be configured and selecting **Administration > Administer Servers** from the menu bar:



The screen title bar shows either the name of the system selected or, when performing multisystem administration tasks, the number of systems selected (such as, **Administer 2 Servers**). When you check a feature to configure, a gray screen is displayed showing the available settings along with some basic directions and information.

NOTE: A password must be set on the "admin" user to perform many of the following operations on SnapCLOUD servers.

SnapServer Manager makes the following administrative tasks available for multisystem administration.

- Server Settings Server Name, Date/Time, Admin Password, Email Notification, SSH, and UPS.
- Network Settings Windows/SMB, Apple/AFP, NFS, NIS, FTP/FTPS, SNMP, and Web.
- Maintenance Settings Shutdown, Restart, and OS Update.

NOTE: For other tasks, such as storage configuration, use the Web Management Interface of your product.

Server Name

Check the **Server Name** option to name/rename the systems. If any of the selected systems are currently members of a Windows domain, then you must rejoin the domain.

| Administer Server \ | /M-Snap 3948168 |
|----------------------|---|
| Server Settings | Server Name |
| 🗹 Server Name | |
| 🔲 Date/Time | Server Name SNAP_ |
| 🔲 Admin Password | Server Comment (optional) |
| 🔲 Email Notification | |
| 🔲 SSH | Auto increment names for multiple conjerc |
| UPS | Auto-increment names for multiple servers |
| Network Settings | Server Name Postux Start |
| Windows/SMB | First generated server name: SNAP_1 |
| Apple/AFP | Last generated server name: SNAP_2 |
| NFS | |
| | |
| FTP | If any of the selected servers are currently members of a Windows domain, then changing the server name will require |
| SNMP | rejoining the domain. Please enter the user name and password of a user in the domain with administrative privileges. |
| 🔲 vveb | (Note: if a server you've selected is not a member of a domain, the following fields will be ignored.) |
| | |
| Snutuown | Administrator Name Administrator |
| CR Lindoto | Administrator Password |
| US Opdate | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Important: This operation is always performed last in a sequence of operations. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Class Calentian | |
| clear selection | |
| | View/Copy Apply Close Help |

When configuring a single system, the name you enter in the **Server Name** field is applied to the server. When configuring multiple systems, the name you enter in the **Server Name** field is used as the basis for the name of each of the systems in the group, and a number differentiating each system is added by the auto-increment feature.

To change systems that are currently members of a Windows domain, changing the system names will require rejoining the domain. Enter an administrator user name and password of a user in this domain with administrative privileges. If a system that has been selected is not a member of a domain, the administrator name and password fields will be ignored.

| Options | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Server Name | The default system name is SNAP <i>nnnnnn</i> , where <i>nnnnn</i> is the unique server number (for example, SNAP242424). |
| | System names are limited to 27 alphanumeric characters. You can also use dashes (-), underscores (_), and spaces between characters. |
| Server Comment | Optionally, add a comment (for example, system location) specific to the system. This comment will be displayed in Windows Network Neighborhood. |
| Server Name Postfix Start | Select the starting number for the suffix of a series of system names that use the same core name. |
| Administrator Name and Password | The user name and password of a user in the domain with administrative privileges. |

To Change a Single System Name

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click Server Name.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

NOTE: If any of the selected servers has an incompatible OS, an error message will appear.

| 1 | Server | Name 🔀 |
|---|--------|---|
| | | This feature requires all selected servers to have an OS version of 7.6.150 or later. |
| | | OK |

- 2. Enter the new name in the Server Name field (and a comment if desired).
- 3. Enter an administrator's name and password in the fields provided.
- **4**. Do **one** of the following:
 - To continue system configuration, select a different **task**.
 - To apply changes made to all selected tasks, click **Apply**. Then, in the Apply to Servers dialog, click **Start** to begin applying active settings.

To Change Multiple System Names Using the Auto-increment Feature

- 1. Enter the base system name in the Server Name field.
- **2.** By default, the auto-increment feature starts at one (1). Change this **starting number** as appropriate.
- **3.** Do **one** of the following:
 - To continue system configuration, select a different **task**.
 - To apply changes made to all selected tasks, click **Apply**. Then, in the Apply to Servers dialog, click **Start** to begin applying active settings.

Date/Time

Use this screen to configure date and time settings, to configure a SnapServer as an NTP server, and to set the time zone used.

| Administer Server VM-Snap3948168 | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Server Settings | Date/Time | | | |
| 🔲 Server Name | | | | |
| 🗹 Date/Time | Set this server's date & time to the following | | | |
| 🔲 Admin Password | | | | |
| Email Notification | ✓ Use current (local computer's) date and time | Use current (local computer's) date and time Date 2015.0017 | | |
| III SSH | Date 2015-Jul 17 | | | |
| UPS | | | | |
| Network Settings | 11.05.47 AM | | | |
| Viridows/siliB | | | | |
| | Synchronize date & time to the following NTP server(s). | | | |
| I NIS | NTP Servers | | | |
| FTP | (optional) | | | |
| SNMP | (charten) | | | |
| 🔲 Web | Neter Due to eccurity contrictions. NTD connection used when the connectic joined to an define Directory demain | | | |
| Maintenance | | | | |
| 🔲 Shutdown | | | | |
| 🔲 Restart | Enable this server as an NTP server | | | |
| 🔲 OS Update | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Time Zone (UTC-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada) | | | |
| | | | | |
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| | | | | |
| Clear Selection | | | | |
| | Maw/Came Annhe Class Halm | | | |
| | ченисору нрру Сюзе нер | | | |

The time stamp applies when recording system activity in the Event Log (Monitoring tab), when creating or modifying files, and when scheduling snapshot, antivirus, or Snap EDR operations.

Tip: The server automatically adjusts for Daylight Saving time according to the selected time zone.

| Options | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| Date & Time | Set either to the local computer (the computer on which SnapServer Manager is installed) or enter manually. |
| NTP Servers | Network Time Protocol (NTP) sets the date and time to a network server rather than the local computer. |
| Enable NTP Server | Put a check in this box to enable the SnapServer as an NTP server. |
| Time Zone | Defaults to UTC but can be changed. |

CAUTION: If the current date and time are reset to an earlier date and time, the change does not automatically propagate to any scheduled events you have already set up for snapshot, antivirus, or Snap EDR operations. These operations will continue to run based on the previous date and time settings. To synchronize these operations with the new date and time settings, reschedule each operation.

Configure Date and Time Settings

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click Date/Time.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

- **2.** Do **one** of the following:
 - Use Computer Settings Select Set this Server's Date & Time to the Following, then check Use Current (Local Computer's) Time and Date to use the current computer's settings, or clear the check box to manually set the time and date.
 - Sync With NTP Server Select Synchronize Date & Time to the Following NTP Server(s) to sync systems to the NTP server, then add the system name or IP address in the field provided. This option is only available for use with GuardianOS 4.0 and higher or SnapCLOUD.
- **3.** Select a **Time Zone** from the pull-down menu.
- **4**. Do **one** of the following:
 - To continue system configuration, select a different **task**.
 - To apply changes made to all selected tasks, click **Apply**. Then, in the Apply to Servers dialog, click **Start** to begin applying active settings.

Admin Password

This screen is used to manage the administrator-level password for a system. To prevent unauthorized access to the system, change to a secure password immediately upon setup.

| Administer Server V | /M-Snap3948168 |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Server Settings | Admin Password |
| 🔲 Server Name | |
| Date/Time | Admin Password |
| 🗹 Admin Password | Varify Admin Daesword |
| 🔲 Email Notification | Verny Authin Password |
| 🔲 SSH | |
| UPS 📃 UPS | |
| Network Settings | |
| 🔲 Windows/SMB | |
| Apple/AFP | |
| NFS NFS | |
| 🔲 NIS | |
| FTP | |
| SNMP | |
| 🔲 Web | |
| Maintenance | |
| Shutdown | |
| Restart | |
| 🔲 OS Opdate | |
| | |
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| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Clear Selection | |
| | |
| | view/copy Appry close Help |
| | |

| Option | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Admin Password (and Verify) | The default password for the admin user account is <i>admin</i> . Passwords are case-sensitive. |

To Create a New Admin Password

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click Admin Password.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

- **2.** In the fields provided, enter the **new password**, and then repeat it in the field below to verify the password.
- **3.** Do **one** of the following:
 - To continue system configuration, select a different **task**.
 - To apply changes made to all selected tasks, click **Apply**. Then, in the Apply to Servers dialog, click **Start** to begin applying active settings.

Email Notification

NOTE: The Email Notification feature requires SnapCLOUD or GuardianOS 6.0 or higher.

To set up email alerts in response to system events, you will need the SMTP server's IP address or host name and the email address of at least one recipient (up to four can be set) who is to receive an alert.

| Administer Server VM-Snap3948168 | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Server Settings | Email Notification | | |
| Admin Password | Enable Email Notification | | |
| SSH SSH | SMTP Server (Host name or IP address) | | |
| UPS | SMIP Port 25 (Port number for SMIP server) | | |
| Windows/SMB | Use Authenticated SMTP | | |
| NFS NFS | User Name | | |
| | Password | | |
| SNMP | Use Secure Connection | | |
| 🔲 Web | Empil Address of Sender | | |
| Shutdown | Address of Sender Shutdown Shutdown | | |
| Restart | Email Addresses of Recipients | | |
| 🔲 OS Update | (optional) | | |
| | (optional) | | |
| | (optional) | | |
| | Send email notification for the following events | | |
| | Server shutdown/restart RAID Set event Volume is full | | |
| | Hardware event License event Administrative operation event | | |
| | Printing event | | |
| | | | |
| | Send a test email after saving settings | | |
| Clear Selection | | | |
| | View/Copy Apply Close Help | | |

| Option | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| Enable Email Notification | To enable email notification, check the Enable Email Notification check box. |
| SMTP Server | Enter a valid SMTP server IP address or host name. |
| SMTP Port | Enter a port number for the SMTP server or accept the default. |

| Option | Description |
|---|---|
| Use Authenticated SMTP | Check this box to require authentication when an email is sent to the SMTP server by a system. Provide an authentication user name and password in the fields that appear when the feature is enabled. |
| Use Secure Connection | Check this box to encrypt emails from a system. STARTTLS and TLS/SSL encryption protocols are supported. |
| Email Address of Sender: | Choose: The default address (systemname@domain) where the domain is the DNS domain name. If there is no DNS domain name, then the system's IP address for Eth0 will be used (systemname@ipaddress) Specify a specific sender. |
| Email Addresses of Recipients | Enter one to four email addresses to receive the notifications. At least one address is required. |
| Send email notification for the following events | Check the boxes next to the events you wish to be notified about: Server shutdown/restart - The system shuts down or reboots due to an automatic or manual process. RAID Set event - For a RAID 1, 5,6, or 10, it experiences a disk drive failure, a disk drive is removed, or it configures a spare or a new disk drive as a member. Volume is full - Storage space on a volume reaches 95% utilization. Hardware event - The internal temperature for the system exceeds its maximum operating temperature or other hardware problems. Printing event - A printer error occurs (for example, the printer is out of paper). Administrative operation event - A Data Migration or Unicode operation has finished or experienced an error. License event - One of the trial licenses included on the SnapServer is about to expire. A notification email will be sent 14 days before the license expires. One day before the license expires another email will be sent. It is recommended that if you are not acquiring a license key for the SnapExtension that is expiring, you turn off the SnapExtension. |
| Send a test email after saving settings | To verify your settings, check the box. After you apply the settings, a test email will be sent to the recipients. |

Configure Email Notification

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click Email Notification. Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

- $\label{eq:select_the_select} \textbf{ Select the Enable Email Notification check box.}$
- **3.** Enter the SMTP server IP address, and either enter a port number for the SMTP server or accept the default.
- **4.** If desired, select **Use Authenticated SMTP** and provide a user name and password to require authentication when the system sends an email to the SMTP server.
- 5. If desired, select Use Secure Connection if you want the system emails to be encrypted.

Designate an email address from which email notifications are to be sent. The default is **<Use default>**, which uses either *systemName@systemDomain* (if a DNS Domain Name is specified on TCP/IP screen), or *systemName@systemIP* (if a domain name is not specified) as the default sender email address. To add a new email address, click the Email Address of Sender field and type the desired email address. Alphanumeric characters, except spaces, are accepted.

- 7. If desired, add up to three more **recipient** email addresses in the fields provided.
- 8. Select the system events of which you want to be notified.
- 9. Select Send a test email after saving settings to verify the configuration.
- **10.** Do **one** of the following:
 - To continue system configuration, select a different **task**.
 - To apply changes made to all selected tasks, click **Apply**. Then, in the Apply to Servers dialog, click **Start** to begin applying active settings.

SSH

Secure Shell (SSH) is a service that provides remote access to a command line shell that allows the user to perform basic management and update functions outside the GuardianOS or SnapCLOUD Web Management Interface.

| server settings | SSH |
|---|---------------------|
| Server Nettings Server Name Date/Time Admin Pasword UPS Windows/SMB Mindows/SMB Apple/AFP NFS NIS FTP SNMP Web Maintenance Shutdown Restart OS Update | SSH ■ Enable SSH |
| | |

CAUTION: SSH is enabled by default. To maintain security, consider disabling SSH when not in use.

To Enable or Disable SSH

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click SSH.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

- 2. The Enable SSH check box toggles SSH on and off. Select to enable.
- **3.** Do **one** of the following:
 - To continue system configuration, select a different **task**.
 - To apply changes made to all selected tasks, click **Apply**. Then, in the Apply to Servers dialog, click **Start** to begin applying active settings.

UPS

 $APC^{\mathbb{R}}$ -brand Smart-UPS^{\mathbb{R}} series devices allow SnapServers to shut down gracefully in the event of an unexpected power interruption.

For a network-based APC UPS device, you must configure UPS support on the SnapServer as described in this section and identify the system to the APC software. In the APC UPS Web-based user interface, navigate to the Power Chute configuration page, and add the system's IP address to the client list. If you are using DHCP, entering any IP address on your network will work.

IMPORTANT: For SnapServers with a single power supply, only the first procedure applies. The second procedure applies to systems that have dual power supplies.

NOTE: UPS support does not apply to SnapCLOUD.If administering one or more SnapCLOUD servers, this setting will not be available.

| Administer Server \ | /M-Snap3948168 | X |
|---|--|---|
| Server Settings | UPS | |
| Server Name Date/Time Admin Password Email Notification SSH VUPS Network Settings Windows/SMB Apple/AFP | Enable UPS Support Automatically restart server when power is restored Use a single USB-connected UPS device Use the following network-connected UPS device(s): | |
| NFS | Primary UPS Device | |
| | IP Address | |
| SNMP | APC User Name (for authentication) | |
| 🔲 Web | APC Authentication Phrase | |
| Maintenance | | |
| Restart | Secondary UPS Device (optional) | |
| 🔲 OS Update | IP Address | |
| | APC User Name (for authentication) | |
| | APC Authentication Phrase | |
| | Shutdown server upon receiving a low battery message from Either UPS Device | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Clear Selection | | |
| | View/Copy Apply Close Help | |

Complete the following fields and click Apply.

| Option | Description | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Enable UPS Support | Select option to enable or clear to disable UPS support. | | |
| Automatically restart server when power is restored | Check this box to automatically restart the system when power has been restored or the UPS comes back online. Leave the check box blank to manually start the system after a power failure. | | |
| Use a single USB-connected UPS device | Select this button to use a USB-connected APC UPS device. | | |
| Use the following network- connected UPS device(s) | Select this button to use one or two network-connected APC UPS devices. | | |
| IP Address | Enter the IP address of the system where the network UPS resides. | | |
| APC User Name | Enter the APC Administrator user name. | | |
| (for authentication) | NOTE: The APC user name entered must be the APC Administrator name for the UPS (by default, apc). | | |
| APC Authentication Phrase | Enter the authentication phrase configured for shutdown behavior on the UPS (in the UPS Web UI, this can be configured in PowerChute settings or, for older firmware, in the User Manager for the administrator user). | | |
| | NOTE: This password phrase is not the same as the user's password. | | |

Configure a Secondary UPS Device

- At Administration > Administer Servers, click UPS. Check the box next to the option to enable editing.
- **2.** Complete the following fields and click **Apply**.

| Option | Description | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Secondary UPS Device (optional) | Select to enable (or clear to disable) a secondary UPS device. | |
| IP Address | Enter the IP address of the system where the network UPS resides. | |
| APC User Name | Enter the APC Administrator user name. | |
| (for authentication) | NOTE: The APC user name entered must be the APC Administrator name for the UPS (by default, apc). | |
| APC Authentication Phrase | Enter the authentication phrase configured for shutdown behavior on the UPS (in the UPS Web UI, this can be configured in PowerChute settings or, for older firmware, in t User Manager for the administrator user). | |
| | NOTE: This password phrase is not the same as the user's password. | |

| Option | Description |
|---|---|
| Shutdown server upon receiving a low battery message from | Select one of the following from the drop-down list: Either UPS Device - Select this option to allow shutdown upon receipt of a message from one of the two specified UPS servers. Both UPS Devices - Select this option to allow shutdown only upon receipt of one message from each of the two specified UPS servers. |

Windows/SMB

In addition to joining the system to a Windows workgroup or Active Directory domain, several other options are available for Windows networking:

- You can enable guest account access to the system for all Windows clients.
- With ADS domains, you can disable NetBIOS.
- For ADS domains, you must specify a valid user name and password to join the domain.

| Administer Server V | /M-Snap3948168 | × |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| Server Settings | | Windows/SMB |
| Server Name | | |
| 🔲 Date/Time | Enable Windows Networking (SMB) | |
| 🔲 Admin Password | Mambar of | |
| Email Notification | Workgroup | |
| SSH UDC | Workgroup/Domain Name | |
| Network Settings | Ormanizational Unit | |
| Vindows/SMB | Computers | |
| Apple/AFP | Disable NetBIOS over TCP/IP | |
| NFS | | |
| 🔲 NIS | Enable Guest Account | |
| FTP | Fnable Opportunistic Locking | |
| SNMP | E cuanto opportanto de contralg | |
| 🔲 Web | Enable this server as the Master Brows | ser |
| Maintenance | Allow root authoritication | |
| Boctart | Allow root autientication | |
| OS Lindate | Enable trusted domains | |
| | I DAP Signing | |
| | Plain V | |
| | | |
| | Administrator name/password are requir | ed to join a domain |
| | Administrator Name Administrator | |
| | Administrator Password | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Clear Selection | | |
| | View/Copy Apply. | . Close Help |

To Join a Workgroup

Check the box next to the option to enable editing. Edit settings as described in the following table, and then click **Apply**.

| Option | Settings |
|----------------------|---|
| Enable Windows (SMB) | Select to enable (or clear to disable) access to the system via the SMB protocol. |
| Member Of | Select Workgroup from this pull-down menu. |

| Option | Settings |
|--|--|
| Workgroup/Domain Name | Enter the workgroup to which the system belongs. |
| Enable Guest Account | Select the Enable Guest Account option to allow unknown users to access the system using the guest account. Clear the option to disable this feature. |
| Enable Opportunistic Locking | Enabled by default. Opportunistic locking can help performance if the current user has exclusive access to a file. |
| Enable this server as the Master Browser | A SnapServer can maintain the master list of all computers belonging to a specific workgroup. (At least one master browser must be active per workgroup.) Select to enable if you plan to install this server in a Windows environment and you want this server to be able to serve as the Master Browser for a workgroup. |
| Allow Root Authentication | Select Allow Root Authentication to allow a root login on the selected SnapServer. |
| LDAP Signing | Choose from Plain , Sign , or Seal type of signing for LDAP traffic. |

To Join an Active Directory Domain

- At Administration > Administer Servers, click Windows/SMB. Check the box next to the option to enable editing.
- 2. Edit settings as described in the following table, and then click Apply.

| Option | Settings |
|--|--|
| Enable Windows SMB | Select to enable (or clear to disable) access to the system via the SMB protocol. |
| Member Of | Select Active Directory Domain from this pull-down menu. |
| Workgroup/Domain Name | The default settings make the system available in the workgroup named Workgroup . Enter the domain name to which the system belongs. |
| Organizational System | You must enter the name of the organizational system within the Active Directory tree in which the system will appear. By default, the system appears within the container named Computers . |
| | To join a sub-level of an organizational system, enter the path in the following format: /[organizational system]/[sub-system1]/[sub-system1a]. |
| Disable NetBIOS over TCP/IP | Check the box to disable NetBIOS or clear it to leave NetBIOS enabled. |
| Enable Guest Account | Select the Enable Guest Account option to allow unknown users to access the system using the guest account. Clear the option to disable this feature. |
| Enable Opportunistic Locking | Enabled by default. Opportunistic locking can help performance if the current user has exclusive access to a file. |
| Enable this sever as the Master Browser | A SnapServer can maintain the master list of all computers belonging to a specific workgroup. (At least one master browser must be active per workgroup.) Select to enable if you plan to install this server in a Windows environment and you want this server to be able to serve as the Master Browser for a workgroup. |

| Option | Settings |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Allow Root Authentication | Select Allow Root Authentication to allow a root login on the selected SnapServer. |
| Enable Trusted Domains | SnapServers recognize trust relationships established between the domain to which the SnapServer is joined and other domains in a Windows environment by default. Check the box to allow this feature. |
| LDAP Signing | Choose from Plain, Sign, or Seal type of signing for LDAP traffic. |
| Administrator Name/Password | Enter a user name and password with sufficient administrative privileges to allow a remote computer to join the domain. |

Apple/AFP

Macintosh clients connecting over AFP can authenticate to the system as a local user or guest. If the system is joined to an Active Directory domain, AFP clients can also optionally authenticate against the domain (enabled by default). The default settings provide access to Macintosh clients over an AppleTalk or TCP/IP network.

| Administer Server \ | /M-Snap3948168 | × |
|---|--|---|
| Administer Server V Server Settings Server Name Date/Time Admin Password Email Notification SSH UPS Network Settings Windows/SMB Ø Apple/AFP NFS NIS FTP SNMP Web Maintenance Shutdown Restart OS Update | M-Snap3948168 A p p I e / A F P ✓ Enable Apple Filing Protocol (AFP) ✓ Add Server Name to Apple Shared Folder Names ✓ Authenticate AFP users against Windows domains | |
| Clear Selection | | |
| | View/Copy Apply Close Help | |

Edit Apple/AFP Settings

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click Apple/AFP.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

2. Edit settings as described in the following table, and then click Apply.

| Options | Usage |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Enable Apple Filing Protocol (AFP) | Select to enable (or clear to disable) AFP access. |

| Options | Usage | |
|--|---|---|
| Add Server Name to Apple Shared Folder Names | Select to show both the server name and share name in the Connect to Server dialog box. Clear the check box to display only the share name. | |
| Authenticate AFP users against Windows | Select t a Windo | his option to automatically authenticate AFP users against ows domain, if configured. |
| domains | NOTE: | By default, users are authenticated against the domain first, then against the local database, so if the same user name exists on both the domain and the SnapServer, the domain user will take precedence. To force an AFP client to log in as either user, prefix the user name with either the Windows domain name or the SnapServer's servername. For example: windowsdomain\username or snap1234567\username. |

NFS

GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD support NFS v2/3/4, each version being individually configurable. Optionally, Kerberos-based security is supported for NFS v4.

| Administer Server V | /M-Snap3948168 | |
|--|---|--|
| Server Settings Server Name Date/Time | N F S | |
| Email Notification | ✓ Enable NFSv2 ✓ Enable NFSv3 | |
| Network Settings Windows/SMB Apple/AFP NES | Enable NFSv4 Domain Name localdomain Standard NFS Security | |
| NIS FTP SNMP Web | C RPCSEC GSS Security (Unix Kerberos) KDC Host Name Realm Name | |
| Maintenance Shutdown Restart OS Update | Keytab File Use existing keytab file (Note: this NFS operation will not proceed if a keytab file does not exist on the server.) | |
| | Use new keytab file (Note: a new keytab file can only be applied to a single server.) | |
| | Client code page UTF-8 | |
| Clear Selection | | |
| | View/Copy Apply Close Help | |

Edit NFS Settings

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click NFS.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

NOTE: NFS is enabled by default. To disable NFS, uncheck the Enable NFS box.

2. Select the versions of NFS that you want to enable (NFS v2, NFS v3, and NFS v4). The **Enable NFS** box must also be checked in order to enable any of the NFS versions.

| Option | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Standard NFS Security | Click this button if you want to use standard NFS security. |
| RPSEC GSS Security (Unix Kerberos) | Click this button and then complete the following fields if you want to use Unix Kerberos security to authenticate NFS v4 connections: |
| | KDC Host Name – Enter the host name or IP address of the Kerberos server. |
| | Realm Name – Enter the Kerberos realm name. |
| | Keytab File – Select either Use existing keytab file or Use new keytab file. When using the latter, Browse to locate and upload a keytab file generated for the SnapServer. |

3. If you enable NFS v4, complete information for the following fields:

4. Use the Client Code Page drop-down menu to select a page type.

The **Keep current value** option allows you to change the NFS enable-state without changing the code page. This is the default setting for servers that have not had Unicode enabled. You can change the Client Code Page for a server only if Unicode has been enabled. Unicode is always enabled in GuardianOS 6.5 and higher and on SnapCLOUD. Use the Web Management Interface to enable Unicode for servers using GuardianOS 6.0 or earlier.

5. Click Apply.

NIS

A GuardianOS SnapServer or SnapCLOUD can join an NIS domain and function as an NIS client. It can then read the users and groups maintained by the NIS domain. Thus, you must use the NIS server to make modifications.

| Administer 2 Serve | rs 🛛 🕅 |
|--|----------------------------|
| Server Settings | NIS |
| Server Settings Server Name Date/Time Admin Password Email Notification SSH UPS Network Settings Windows/SMB Apple/AFP NFS Vindows/SMB FTP SNMP Web Maintenance Shutdown Restart OS Update | NIS |
| Clear Selection | View/Copy Apply Close Help |

To Join an NIS Domain

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click NIS.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

2. Edit settings as described in this section, and then click **Apply**.

| Option | Description | |
|---|---|--|
| Enable NIS | Select to enable (or clear to disable) NIS Authentication. | |
| NIS Domain | Enter the NIS domain name. | |
| Broadcast and bind to any NIS server | Select this option to bind to all available NIS servers. | |
| Broadcast and bind to the following NIS servers | Select this option and then enter up to four valid NIS server IP addresses. | |

NIS Facts

Consider the following facts when configuring NIS access:

You cannot modify NIS user or group accounts locally

You must use the NIS server to make modifications. Changes you make on the NIS server do not immediately appear on the SnapServer; it may take up to 10 minutes for changes to be replicated.

Possible conflicts between NIS and SnapServer UIDs/GIDs

- NIS identifies users by UID, not user name, and although it is possible to have duplicate user names, Overland Storage does not recommend this configuration.
- If you join the SnapServer to an NIS domain, consider the following guidelines:
 - The SnapServer does not recognize users or groups who have identification numbers less than 100.
 - Each UID or GID must be unique.
 - You should not define a UID or GID that has been previously assigned, and you cannot define a UID or GID that is currently assigned.

Specify Client Access

As a security measure, list only users who need access, rather than allowing all NFS clients access to SnapServer shares.

FTP/FTPS

FTP/FTPS clients can access the system using local users or the anonymous account. The anonymous user is mapped to the system's local guest user account. Administrators can set share access for anonymous FTP/FTPS users by granting either read-write (the default access) or read-only access to the guest account on a share-by-share basis.

For more granular control over FTP/FTPS access, administrators must create local user accounts for FTP/FTPS users.

| Administer Server \ | /M-Snap3948168 |
|---|---|
| Server Settings | FTP |
| Server Name Date/Time Admin Password Email Notification SSH UPS Network Settings Windows/SMB Apple/AFP NFS NIS VFP SIMP SIMP Web Maintenance Shutdown Restart OS Update | Enable FTP Enable Anonymous User Access |
| Clear Selection | |
| Liour Concentin | |
| | View/Copy Apply Close Help |

Edit FTP/FTPS Settings

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click FTP.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

2. Edit settings as described below, and then click Apply.

| Option | Settings |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Enable FTP | Select to enable (or clear to disable) access to this system via the FTP protocol. |
| Enable FTPS | Select to enable (or clear to disable) access to this system via the secure FTPS protocol. |
| Enable Anonymous User Access | When you allow anonymous user access, FTP/FTPS users employ an email address as the password. When you disallow anonymous access, only FTP/FTPS users who are configured as local system users can access the system. |
| | Select this option to allow users to connect to the system using the anonymous user account. The anonymous user is mapped to the system's local guest user account. Administrators can set share access for anonymous FTP/FTPS users by granting either read-write (the default access) or read-only access to the guest account on a share-by-share basis. Clear this option to prevent anonymous user access. FTP/FTPS users can may still log in via a locally created user name and password. |

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) views a network as a collection of cooperating, communicating devices that consists of managers and agents. The system can act as an SNMP agent. Once SNMP is enabled on a system, SNMP managers can access management data on the system from MIB-II and the Host Resources MIB.

| Administer Server | VM-Snap3948168 | × |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Server Settings | | SNMP |
| 🔲 Server Name | | |
| Date/Time | Enable SNMP | |
| Admin Password | Read-Only Community | iblia |
| Email Notification | sitap_po | ASITE IN THE REAL PROPERTY OF |
| UPS | Location | (optional) |
| Network Settings | Contact | (optional) |
| Windows/SMB | | |
| Apple/AFP | Enable SNMP Traps | |
| III NES | IP Addresses of Recipients | |
| | | (ontional) |
| SNMP | | (opuoriai) |
| 🔲 Web | | (optional) |
| Maintenance | | (optional) |
| Shutdown | | |
| Restart OS Undate | Send a test trap after saving sett | ings |
| 00 Opulate | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Clear Selection | | |
| | | |
| | View/Copy Apply | / Close Help |

Supported Network Manager Applications

You can use any network manager application that adheres to the SNMP V2 protocol with a system. The following products have been successfully tested: CA Unicenter TNg, HP Open View, and Tivoli NetView.

Default Traps

A *trap* is a signal from the system informing an SNMP manager program that an event has occurred. The following default traps are supported:

- **coldStart** An SNMP agent has restarted.
- **linkDown** An Ethernet interface has gone off-line.
- linkUp An Ethernet interface has come online.
- **authenticationFailure** An attempt to query the SNMP agent using an incorrect public or private community string was made, and resulted in a failure.
- **enterpriseSpecific** System-generated traps that correspond to the error-level, warning-level, and fatal-error-level traps of the OS. These traps contain a descriptive message that helps to diagnose a problem.

Configure SNMP

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click SNMP.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

2. Edit settings as described below, and then click Apply.

| Option | Description | |
|--|---|--|
| Enable SNMP | Check the box to enable (or clear to disable) SNMP. | |
| Read-Only Community | To enable SNMP managers to read data from this system, enter the name of one or more public communities, or accept the default <pre>snap_public.</pre> | |
| Location | Enter information that helps a user identify the physical location of the system. | |
| | For example, you might include a street address for a small business, a room location such as <i>Floor 37, Room 308,</i> or a position in a rack, such as <i>rack slot 12</i> . | |
| Contact | Enter information that helps a user report problems with the system. | |
| | For example, you might include the name and title of the system administrator, a telephone number, pager number, or email address. | |
| Enable SNMP Traps | Check to enable (or clear to disable) SNMP traps. | |
| IP Addresses of Recipients (1-4) | Enter the IP address of at least one SNMP manager in the first field as a trap destination. You can enter up to three additional IP addresses. | |
| Send a Test Trap After Saving Settings | Select this option to verify your settings when you save them. | |

Web

The Web configuration screen is used to manage authentication and non-secure access to the Web Management Interface.

| Administer Server | /M-Snap 3948168 | × | |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|
| Server Settings | Web | | |
| 🔲 Server Name | | | |
| Date/Time | Require Web Authentication | | |
| Email Notification | V Enable (non Secure) HTTP Access | | |
| SSH | | | |
| UPS | Important: Evicting Web Dect estings (which can only be edited via the Web Administration Teel) will be maintained | | |
| Network Settings | Important: Existing web Hoot settings (which can only be edited via the web Administration Tool) will be maintained when you click Apply | | |
| Windows/SMB | when you eneryppiy. | | |
| Apple/AFP | | | |
| | Note: This operation is always performed last in a sequence of operations. | | |
| FTP | | | |
| SNMP | | | |
| 🗹 Web | | | |
| Maintenance | | | |
| Shutdown | | | |
| Restart OS Undate | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Clear Selection | | | |
| | View/Copy Apply Close Help | | |

The Web Management Interface opens when users access a SnapServer using their web browsers. It displays a list of all shares to which the user has access. Users can navigate the share structure to locate and view or download files, but they cannot modify or upload files.

HTTP and HTTPS are the default protocols used for browser-based access to the system. HTTPS enhances security by encrypting communications between client and system, and cannot be disabled. You can, however, disable HTTP access. Additionally, you can require browser-based clients to authenticate to the system.

Edit Web Options

1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click Web.

Check the box next to the option to enable editing.

2. Edit the following settings, and then click OK.

| Option | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Require Web Authentication | Select this option to require HTTPS or HTTP clients to enter a valid user name and password in order to access the system. Clear this option to allow access to the system without authentication. | |
| Enable (non-secure) HTTP access | Select this option to enable HTTP client access to the system. Clear to disable. (HTTPS is always enabled.) | |
| | NOTE: | To access the CA eTrust Antivirus configuration interface (on the Web Management Interface's Snap Extensions screen), HTTP must be enabled. |

Shutdown

This task shuts down and powers off the systems being administered. There are no options to select or complete. At Administration > Administer Servers, select the Shutdown task to activate it, and then click Yes to confirm. It is always performed last if more than one operation is selected.

| Administer Server VM-Snap3948168 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Server Settings | Shutdown | | |
| Server Settings Server Name Date/Time Admin Password SSH UPS Network Settings Windows/SMB Apple/AFP NFS NIS FTP SNMP Kets Maintenance Maintenance Shudown Restart OS Update | Shut d own Shutdown is always performed last in a sequence of operations. | | |
| Clear Selection | View/Copy Apply Close Help | | |

Restart

This task restarts the systems being administered. There are no options to select or complete. At Administration > Administer Servers, select the Restart task to activate it, and then click Yes to confirm. It is always performed last if more than one operation is selected.

| Administer Server | VM-Snap 3948168 |
|---|--|
| Server Settings | Restart |
| Server Settings Server Name Date/Time Admin Password Email Notification SSH UPS Network Settings Windows/SMB Apple/AFP NFS NFS NIS FTP SNMP Web Maintenance Shutdown Z Restart OS Update | Restart Restart is always performed last in a sequence of operations. |
| Clear Selection | |

OS Update

This task updates the OS (the software that governs the system's functionality). It is mutually-exclusive from all other administration functions.

| Administer Server | /M-Snap3948168 | | × |
|--|--|------------|---|
| Server Settings | | OS Update | |
| Server Name Date/Time Admin Password Email Notification SSH UPS Network Settings Windows/SMB Apple/APP NFS NIS FTP SNMP Web Maintenance Obdenue | You can download the latest OS software from: www.snapserver.com/download OS File Important: This operation may restart the server. | Browse | |
| Clear Selection | | | |
| | View/Copy Apply | Close Help | |

CAUTION: Do not interrupt this process. You may severely damage the system if you interrupt a software update operation.

Update the GuardianOS or SnapCLOUD Software

- 1. At Administration > Administer Servers, click OS Update.
- 2. Download the update by clicking the download link on the OS Update screen.
- **3.** Follow the **instructions** provided to download the update file.
- 4. Click Browse, locate the file you've downloaded, and select it.
- 5. Click Apply.

6. The **Apply to Servers** screen opens, listing systems and their update status. Select when to start the update:

| 🕅 Apply to Servers | × |
|---|------------------------|
| Press Start to begin applying settings to the following ser | vers. |
| Server | Date/Time |
| bmgosv | Not started. |
| Snap2312733 | Not started. |
| ss-dx1-2 | Not started. |
| ss-dx1-3 | Not started. |
| ss-snapcloud-1 | Not started. |
| XSR40-VGOS-CB | Not started. |
| | |
| ✓ Fit columns in display | |
| Start Now Start Later | Stop Report Close Help |

- Click **Start Now** to confirm the update. The system updates all the selected settings for the selected servers and then reboots.
- Click **Start Later** to schedule the update to run at a later time.

NOTE: If you schedule the update for a later time, you will not be able to perform any other operations on the systems being updated until the scheduled update is done.

• Click **Report** to receive a report when the scheduled update is finished.

Chapter 3

SSM Dialog Box Reference

This section describes some of the SnapServer Manager dialog boxes and their usage associated with the **Edit** and **Administration** menu options:



Edit Menu Dialog Boxes:

While **New Group**, **Rename Group**, and **Remove Offline Servers** have simple dialog boxes, the following menu items have additional options in their dialog boxes:

- Server Properties
- Remote Servers
- Options

Administration Menu Dialog Boxes:

These special menu and sub-menu options apply to GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers only:

- Administering Servers
 - Apply Schedule (Start Later)
 - Apply to Servers
 - Operations Report
 - Current Settings for Servers
- Set IP Address (includes Uninitialized nodes)
- Feature Licensing
- Server Software Updates

Server Properties

The **Server Properties** dialog box (**Edit > Properties** or right-click system name) provides a summary of system specifications and status data.

| Server Properties - CB-Meadowhawk (Online |) |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Properties | |
| Property | Value |
| Server Name | CB-Meadowhawk |
| Server Number | 2415100 |
| Model | DX2 |
| OS Version | GuardianOS 7.6.125 |
| BIOS Version | V2.05 |
| Service Pack | None |
| Serial Number | 2B30200076 |
| Data Replication | Not supported. |
| Discovery IP Address | 10.25.15.62 (Validated, Changed: 0) |
| Network Interface Count | 2 |
| Ethernet 1 (Primary Interface): | |
| IP Address | 10.25.15.62 (Static) (Discovery) |
| Subnet Mask | 255.255.0.0 |
| Default Gateway | 10.25.1.1 |
| DNS Server | 10.25.15.11 |
| Domain Name | devnet.myoverland.net |
| Statue | - Total Storago Lisago |
| Status | Total Storage Usage |
| Server CB-meadownawk is online. | <1% Used |
| Drive: OK | |
| Ethernet: OK | |
| Note: Supply: OK | |
| Fan: OK | Total: 721.15 GB |
| System Temp: OK | Used: 42.69 MB (<1%) |
| ET CPU Temp: OK | Free: 721.11 GB (>99%) |
| | |
| Refresh | Close Help |

Ethernet Indicators (GuardianOS only)

The following table explains the status coding for the Ethernet status indicators.

| Status | Descrip | otion | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | All Ethe | ernet connections are operating properly. | |
| (Only displayed if the no-link status check box is enabled in the Options dialog box) | At least one Ethernet connection has a link error. Possible causes include a loose or faulty cable; or perhaps a problem with a connecting switch or hub. | | |
| | NOTE: | SSM cannot distinguish between a NIC that is not in use and a NIC that is disconnected. If you are using only one NIC on a system, the NIC status will remain yellow. | |
| | At least one Ethernet interface is not functioning. | | |
| | Etherne | et status is not available (system may be offline). | |

The Discovery IP Address

The word *Discovery* is placed next to the IP address used to discover the system. SSM uses this IP address to communicate with the system when performing View/Copy and Apply operations.

Total Storage Usage (GuardianOS/SnapCLOUD/RAINcloudOS only)

For GuardianOS SnapServers and SnapCLOUDs, the percentage refers only to capacity that has been allocated to existing volumes; unallocated RAID capacity is not included. For RAINcloudOS Clusters the percentage refers to the storage usage of the entire cluster.

Remote Servers

Select **Edit > Remote Servers** to open this dialog box. It is used to add systems that reside outside the network segment on which SnapServer Manager resides. See System Discovery on page 8.

| Remote Servers | × |
|---|--------|
| New Remote Server | Add |
| Remote Servers: 1 | |
| daedalus (10.25.10.32) | Delete |
| | Import |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Remote server refresh interval (seconds) 60 + | |
| ✓ Enable discovery of remote servers | |
| OK Cancel Help | |

Available Options

These options are available with this dialog box:

Add Remote Systems

Enter the system's IP address, fully-qualified name, or server/cluster name in the New Remote Server field and click **Add**.

- If you entered the IP address, it appears in the Remote Servers list box, with the system name in parentheses (if resolved).
- If you entered the server/cluster name, it appears in the Remote Servers list box, with the IP address in parentheses (if resolved).
- If SSM cannot find the remote system you entered, **unresolved** appears in the Remote Servers list box.
- You can add a SnapCLOUD's external IP address (VIP) or global DNS name (if configured) if inbound ports UDP/2599 and TCP/9050 are enabled on the VM's network security rules.
- You can add a SnapCLOUD's internal IP address or internal DNS name (if configured) if its virtual network is accessible via site-to-site or client-to-site VPN.

The current number of remote servers/clusters is listed above the Remote Servers list box. The maximum allowed remote servers/clusters is 5000.

NOTE: If the remote systems being imported would make the full list greater than 5000 systems, SSM displays a prompt to truncate the list being imported.

Delete a Remote System

In the Remote Servers list box, select one or more remote systems and click Delete.

Adjust the Remote System Refresh Interval

Adjust the interval to a setting between 30 seconds and 90 seconds.

Toggle Discovery of Remote Systems

Click the Enable discovery of remote servers check box.

Importing a Remote Server List

Remote server/cluster names and/or IP addresses can be imported from a text file. Within the text file, each system and IP address can be designated either by entering one system per line, or by entering multiple names separated by a space, a comma, or a semi-colon. Blank lines and lines beginning with the number sign (#) are ignored.

Import a Remote Servers List

Click the Import button and navigate to the appropriate text file. Click OK.

The remote servers list will be added to the existing list, ignoring duplicate systems.

Options

The Options dialog box allows you to:

- Specify the Web browser that SSM uses.
- Set the period after which a system will be considered offline after receipt of the last discovery packet.
- Specify whether SSM displays a warning if any Ethernet port has no link (GuardianOS/RAINcloudOS only).
- Instruct SSM to directly scan all systems.
- Configure an HTTP proxy server to access the Internet.
- Enable or disable automatic notification of OS updates (GuardianOS/SnapCLOUD only).

| Options | | |
|--|---|--|
| Web Browser | <use browser="" default="" web=""> Browse Test</use> | |
| Server offline | timeout (seconds) 180 🔒 | |
| ✓ Display a warning if any of a server's Ethernet ports have no link | | |
| 🗌 Auto-scan | servers not on Remote Server list | |
| Use a prox | xy server for HTTP communication | |
| Proxy host | Proxy port | |
| Enable aut | comatic update notification | |
| _ | OK Cancel Help | |

Specify a Web Browser

You can specify the Web browser you would like SnapServer Manager to use to display the Web Management Interface and the SSM help system.

- Click Browse to navigate to and select the executable for your chosen browser.
- Click **Test** to open this help window in your chosen browser.

Adjust the System Offline Timeout Setting

SSM constantly updates the system list with fresh data it receives from systems that reside on its local network segment and are specified on the Remote Servers list. SSM considers a system offline if no communication occurs for the specified time-out period. (The default timeout period is 180 seconds.) If SSM receives no communication from a system for 180 seconds, it displays that system as offline in the Details List of the main SSM screen. Adjust this interval to a setting between 120 seconds and 300 seconds as appropriate for your network conditions.

Display No-Link Status Warnings for Ethernet Ports (GuardianOS/RAINcloudOS)

SSM is set by default to display a warning status if one of a system's Ethernet ports has no link. With this feature activated, you can quickly see all systems with no-link status Ethernet ports (such as, unplugged Ethernet cables). You may wish to disable the no-link status feature if you have systems with only one connected Ethernet port. To disable the feature, uncheck the **Display warning if any of a server's Ethernet ports has no link** check box, and click **OK**.

Activate Auto-scanning of All Remote Systems

When SnapServer Manager is installed on a laptop that is moved from one network segment to another, some remote systems may appear to be offline when they are in fact online. The **Auto-scan servers not on Remote Servers list** option ensures that discovery works properly by sending discovery request packets to each system discovered in a previous session; this solution does, however, increase network traffic. To activate auto-scanning, select the check box and click **OK**.

Use an HTTP Proxy Server

In environments that use an HTTP proxy server to access the Internet, SSM must be configured to use the proxy for update notification or accessing the web online help. Check **Use a proxy server for HTTP communication**, enter the name or IP address of the proxy server in the **Proxy host** field, and enter the port used by the proxy server in the **Proxy port** field.

Enable Automatic Update Notification

NOTE: This feature is only available for GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD.

SSM is configured by default to check daily for available updates to GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD. When an update is found for discovered servers, an alert displays in a banner at the top of the SSM main window. The *Tell me more* link in the banner opens the Software Updates dialog, listing systems for which an update is available, the version of OS each system is currently running, and the version of the update available. **Tip:** You can choose to hide the banner by clicking the "Remind me later" or "Hide this message" link on the banner. When "Remind me later" is clicked, the system displays the banner after the next check for updates; when "Hide this message" is clicked, the system hides the banner for the specific update until a later version is released.

To disable this feature, uncheck the **Enable Automatic Update Notification** check box and click **OK**.

Administering Servers

Select **Administration > Administer Servers** to open this dialog box. It is the starting point for configuring, viewing, or copying settings for GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers.

| 🖏 SnapServer Manager - Group1 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Eile Edit Administration Help | | |
| Snapleres Manager - Group1 Ele Gal Administration Heb Serves A Groups Serves Analabe Tr.6.125 Oroup3 Oroup3 Snap2 | News: 4 SnapServers. 1 SnapCLOUD. 1 SnapScale Claster. Server Administer 5 Servers 94-09. Graver Same 13-2 Final Monitorian 13-2 Final Monitorian 13-2 Final Monitorian 14 Administer Same Administering your selected servers. 13-2 Final Monitorian 13-2 Final Monitorian 14 Administering your selected servers. 15 Administering your selected servers. 16 Administering your selected servers. 17 Enclie one or more operations in the list on the left. 18 Administering your selected servers. 19 Administering your selecter servers. 19 Administering your selecter server. 19 Administering your your selecter server. 19 Administering your your your your your your your your | No offline servers. No offline servers. Storage Usage Of Wued Of Wued Of Wued Of Wued of Wued of Wued of Wued |
| In operations are currently running or set | Clear Selection View Copy Apply Clese Help chekkled. | 0.4 Quit |
| Shapserve | er Manager | |

Configure Settings

- **1.** Select a task in the left pane.
 - A check mark indicates the task is active and its fields are editable.
- **2.** Edit the settings as appropriate.
- **3.** Repeat Steps 1–2 for any other tasks to be modified.
- 4. When you are finished configuring settings, click Apply.
- **5.** In the Apply to Servers dialog, click **Start Now** (or **Start Later**) to begin applying modifications across systems.

NOTE: If you schedule the update for a later time, you will not be able to perform any other operations on the systems being updated until the scheduled update has completed.

View or Copy Settings

- 1. Select the **tasks** whose settings you want to view or copy. A check mark indicates the task is active.
- 2. Click View/Copy.
- 3. In the Current Server Settings dialog, click Start to begin retrieving settings.

| 😵 Current Settings for Servers | X |
|--|--|
| Press Start to begin retrieving settings from the following server | 'S. |
| Legend: 🗆 Settings not retrieved. 🗖 Settings identical for all s | ervers. 🗖 Settings differ between servers. |
| Server | Windows/SMB |
| Snap2312733 | Not started. |
| ss-dx1-2 | Not started. |
| ss-dx1-3 | Not started. |
| ss-snapcloud-1 | Not started. |
| XSR40-VGOS-CB | Not started. |
| Eff columns in display. | |
| Fit columns in display Compact rows | |
| Start Stop Copy | Report Close Help |

4. When copied, close this window to return to the Administer Servers window. The selected settings will be populated with the copied values.

Apply Schedule (Start Later)

When administering GuardianOS or SnapCLOUD server settings (see Administering Servers on page 3-6), clicking Apply opens the Apply to Server dialog box with a Start Later button located at the bottom. You can use it to schedule a set of operations to run up to one week in the future.

| Apply Schedule 🗙 |
|---|
| Specify a day and time to start the operations. |
| Day Today - Tue. July 14, 2015 💌 |
| Time 8:50 AM 🔒 |
| |
| OK Cancel Help |

Before scheduling operations, note the following:

- **SnapServer Manager must remain running** For scheduled operations to take effect at the specified time, SSM must remain running. SSM will display an error message if you attempt to close the application while operations are scheduled.
- No other operations are possible Until a scheduled operation completes, no other changes can occur. SSM allows you to run one set of operations at a time; you cannot start one set of operations on one group of servers, and then run a different set on another group of servers while the first operation is still scheduled or running.

Schedule Operations to Run at a Later Time

- 1. Select a day and time from the fields provided, and click **OK**. The **Hide** button appears in the Apply to Servers dialog box.
- 2. Click Hide to return to the main SSM screen.

You can monitor GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD server status and properties, manage server groups, and administer servers using the Web Management Interface, but no other operations can be run until after the scheduled operations are completed.

Change a Scheduled Operation

If a scheduled operation exists, the Status Bar on the screen displays a message similar to the following:

Operations are scheduled to run on Monday January 11, 2010 at 1:57 PM. (Click to view.)

Click the message to view or cancel the scheduled operations. After the Apply to Servers screen reopens, you can do one of the following:

- Click **Stop** to cancel the scheduled operations.
- Click Hide to return to the main SSM screen.

Apply to Servers

When administering GuardianOS or SnapCLOUD server settings (see Administering Servers on page 3-6), clicking **Apply** opens this dialog box. It lists operations to be performed on a group of GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers.

| 🕼 Apply to Servers | X |
|--|-------------------|
| Press Start to begin applying settings to the following servers. | |
| Server | Date/Time |
| bmgosv | Not started. |
| Snap2312733 | Not started. |
| ss-dx1-2 | Not started. |
| ss-dx1-3 | Not started. |
| ss-snapcloud-1 | Not started. |
| XSR40-VGOS-CB | Not started. |
| | |
| ✓ Fit columns in display | |
| Start Now Start Later Stop | Report Close Help |

Available Options

The three buttons at the bottom activate the options available with this dialog box:

Run the Operations Now

Click **Start Now**. The interface informs you of the progress (via a progress bar) and result of the operations.

Schedule the Operations to Run Later

- 1. Click Start Later.
- **2.** In the Apply Schedule dialog box that opens, select a date and time and click **OK**. You return to the Apply to Servers dialog box.
- **3.** Click **Hide** to return to the main screen.
 - **Tip:** The status bar in the main screen displays the status of the scheduled operations. While operations are scheduled to run, no other multiserver administration is possible.

Generate an Operations Report

- 1. Click **Report** to open the Operations Report dialog box.
- **2.** Do one of the following:
 - To set up email report delivery for this and all future operations, complete the fields provided and click **OK**.
 - To save an operations report for this operation only, click Save Report.

Improve the Readability of the Display

When working with a large number of settings or servers, use the following methods to improve the readability of the display.

| Method | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Fit Columns in Display | When selected (default), this option resizes column widths to fit in the current size of the window. All columns are visible, but text within columns may be clipped. |
| | When deselected, column widths expand to fit the width of its contents, but some columns may not be visible. |
| Resizing columns | To resize a column, hover the cursor over the border between column headers, and then click and drag to the desired width |

Operations Report

When administering GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD server settings (see Administering Servers on page 3-6), clicking **Apply** opens the Apply to Servers dialog box with a **Reports** button located at the bottom. Clicking that button opens this dialog box which serves two functions:

- Configuring SSM to automatically deliver an operations report by email.
- Saving an individual operations report as a CSV file.

| Operations Report | × |
|--|---|
| Specify settings to automatically send a report via email. | |
| ✓ Send email report when operations finish | |
| SMTP Server IP Address | |
| Email Address of Recipient | |
| Recipient #2 (optional) | |
| Send Test Email | |
| | |
| OK Save Report Cancel Help | |

View a Sample Operations Report

Below is an operations report on changing SSH settings for three servers:

```
SnapServer Manager Report:
All operations completed successfully on Monday January 11, 2011 at
8:29 AM.
Operations started by user jsmith on machine sales/209.219.19.19, on
Monday January 11, 2011 at 8:29 AM.
Server SSH
Server SSH
Server_1 OK
Server_2 OK
Server 3 OK
```

Configure SSM to Automatically Deliver Operations Reports By Email

| Option [| Description |
|-------------------|--|
| Send Email Report | Select this option to have SSM email all operations reports to the specified recipients. |
| SMTP Server | Enter the mail server IP address. |
| Email Addresses | Enter up to two email addresses in the spaces provided. |
| Send Test Email | Click this button to verify your settings. |

Complete the following fields and click **OK**.

Save a Single Copy of an Operations Report

Click **Save Report** to open a Save dialog box and save the report as a CSV file to a location of your choice.

Current Settings for Servers

When administering GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD server settings (see Administering Servers on page 3-6), clicking View/Copy opens this dialog box. It allows administrators to view and compare settings across a group of GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers. A legend for the headings is displayed at the top.

Available Options

The three buttons at the bottom activate the options available with this dialog box:

View and Compare Settings Across a Group of Servers

Click **Start**. The interface provides feedback on the progress of the operation in the form of a progress bar. The legend indicates where settings differ among servers.

Copy Settings

Select a server row, and then click **Copy**. Close this window to return to the Administer Servers window. The selected settings will be populated with the copied values.

Generate an Operations Report

Once SSM retrieves server settings, the **Report** button becomes available. Click **Report** to save the settings to a CSV file.

Improve the Readability of the Display

When working with a large number of settings or servers, use the following methods to improve the readability of the main display.

| Method | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Fit Columns in Display | When selected (default), this option resizes column widths to fit in the current size of the window. All columns are visible, but text within columns may be clipped. |
| | When deselected, column widths expand to fit the width of its contents, but some columns may not be visible. |
| Compact Rows | When selected, this option displays only the first text line of each row. All (or most) server rows will be visible, but most text is clipped. |
| | When deselected (default), all text lines display, but it may be necessary to use the scroll bars to see some rows and/or columns. |
| Resizing columns | To resize a column, hover the cursor over the border between column headers, and then click and drag to the desired width |

Set IP Address

By default, SnapServers and Uninitialized nodes are preconfigured to use DHCP to acquire an IP address at startup. If a Uninitialized node cannot find a DHCP server on the network, it will default to a "ZeroConf" IP address (169.254.*.*) and you may not be able to see the server on your network. In this case, the Set IP Address feature can be used to assign a fixed IP address to the server.

NOTE: Servers running GuardianOS 6.0 and earlier versions will show 10.10.10.10 as the IP address in this case rather than a ZeroConf address.

Set IP Address is only available for SnapServers and Uninitialized nodes that are configured for DHCP and have not received an IP address from a DHCP server.

Set a Server's or Uninitialized Node's IP Address

- **1.** In the SSM main screen, select a server/uninitialized node.
- 2. Right-click the server/node, and select Set IP Address.
- 3. Enter the following required information in the TCP/IP Addressing fields:
 - IP address
 - Subnet mask
- **4.** Optionally, you may also specify the default gateway, domain name server, domain name, and WINS server as appropriate.

Feature Licensing

Use the Feature Licensing menu (Administration > Feature Licensing) to apply SnapExtension license keys to one or more GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD servers. There is no limit to the number of licenses that can be entered using this dialog box. Click Enter License, then enter one or more license keys per line or separated by spaces, and click OK. This feature is only available with GuardianOS v 4.0 or later and SnapCLOUD.

| 🕅 Feature Licensing | | Σ |
|---|---|--|
| Click the Enter License butt on your server(s). Features Registration and/or SnapE: www.snapserver.com/store Servers to license | on below to enter one or more licer can include Registration licensing xtension license keys can be purch 3. | ise keys for licensing features and SnapExtensions licensing. ased online at |
| Server Name | Server Number | Licenses Applied |
| ss-dx1-2 | 2303208 | - |
| | | |
| Enter License | | |
| | Close Help | |

The Feature License dialog box does not display any pre-existing SnapExtension licenses. Only licenses that have been applied while the current dialog box is open will be displayed.

Server Software Updates

When you select Administration > Check for Server Software Updates, the SnapServer Manager connects with a remote server to determine if any of SnapCLOUDs or GuardianOS servers it is monitoring have new software updates available.



The resulting dialog box lists all of the systems that SSM has discovered that have updates available, and provides the following information about the systems:

| erver Software Updates | | |
|---|---|---|
| Software updates are avail | able for the following 29 servers | : |
| Server Name | Current OS Version | Update OS Version |
| /GOS-PubShare | 7.6.123 | 7.6.125 |
| /M-Snap10388236 | 7.6.082 | 7.6.125 |
| /M-Snap12031509 | 7.2.017 | 7.6.125 |
| /M-Snap14864340 | 7.6.0.philtonsled11 | 7.6.125 |
| M-Snap15499751 | 7.6.0.trevorsled11 | 7.6.125 |
| M-Snap8623858 | 7.6.0.mfsdev1 | 7.6.125 |
| M-Snap9517097 | 7.5.048 | 7.6.125 |
| mstore1 | 7.6.082 | 7.6.125 |
| SR40 | 7.6.0 mcgsled11 | 7.6.125 |
| Fix to address Sar New CLI comman registering new El | mba netlogon security vulnerability d to temporarily enable SSL 3.0 o DR agents. | / CVE-2015-0240. n an EDR master console when |
| An updated package for Sn | apEDR 7.2.0 is also available to a | ddress installation issues on some |
| Important: An SSM Server Group name servers) for each update ve apply them (using <i>Adminis</i> i | ed ≺Updates Available> has been rsion listed above. Once you retrie <i>ter Servers</i> > OS <i>Update</i>) to the se | created containing sub-groups (with we the software update(s), you can rivers listed in these sub-groups. |
| | Close Help | |

| Property | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Server Name | Name of the system that has an update available. |
| Current OS version | Version of the OS currently running on the system. |
| Update OS version | Most recent version of the OS to which the system can be updated. |

Apply Software Updates

- 1. To download the available OS update, click the Download this software link.
- **2.** Apply the software **update**:

For GuardianOS and SnapCLOUD, SSM creates a special SSM Server Group called **<Updates Available>**. It contains all the systems for which each update is applicable. Apply the software update to the systems in this folder.

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